



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1926.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 23rd December 1925.

No. F-302-25.—The undermentioned gentlemen, who have been appointed to the Indian Civil Service, are allotted to the provinces shown against their names:—

• • • • •

Bengal.

Mr. S. K. Gupta.

Mr. D. R. Rutnam.

Mr. J. N. Talukdar.

• • • • •

J. CROMBIE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 22nd December 1925.

No. 608-G.—With reference to notification No. 360-G., dated the 20th July 1925, Mr. Max Staub, Consul for Switzerland at Calcutta, resumed charge of his office on the 7th December 1925.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA.**NOTIFICATION.***Delhi, the 1st January 1926.*

No. 1-S. I.—His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the King, Emperor of India, has been graciously pleased to make the following promotion in, and appointments to, the said Order:—

• • • • •

To be Companions.

Thomas Emerson, Esquire, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, Commissioner, Bengal (on leave).

• • • • •

J. P. THOMPSON,

Secretary to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.**NOTIFICATION.***Delhi, the 1st January 1926.*

No. 2-I. E.—His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the King, Emperor of India, has been graciously pleased to make the following promotion in, and appointments to, the said Order:—

• • • • •

To be Companions.

• • • • •

Lieutenant-Colonel John Wallace Dick Megaw, M.C., Indian Medical Service, Director, School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, Calcutta, Bengal.

• • • • •

Frank David Ascoli, Esquire, Indian Civil Service (on leave).

• • • • •

The Reverend Arthur Ernest Brown, Principal, Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura, Superintendent, Wesleyan Mission, Bengal.

Ramaswami Srinivasa Sarma, Esquire, Managing Editor and Proprietor of the Amalgamated Newspapers, Limited, Calcutta, Bengal.

J. P. THOMPSON,

Secretary to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

KNIGHTHOOD.**NOTIFICATION.***Delhi, the 1st January 1926.*

No. 3-H.—His Imperial Majesty the King, Emperor of India, has been graciously pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood on:—

• • • • •

The Honourable Mr. Justice Charu Chunder Ghose, Puisne Judge of the Calcutta High Court, Bengal.

• • • • •

Doctor Philip Joseph Hartog, C.I.E., D.L., Vice-Chancellor of the Dacca University, Bengal.

Charles Augustus Tegart, Esquire, C.I.E., M.V.O., Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, Bengal.

Lieutenant-Colonel Frank Powell Connor, D.S.O., F.R.C.S., Indian Medical Service, Professor of Clinical and Operative Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta.

J. P. THOMPSON,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.

KAISAR-I-HIND MEDAL.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 1st January 1926.

No. 5-H.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General is pleased to award the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal of the Second Class for Public Service in India to:—

Mrs. Homia Mehta, M.B.E., Bengal.

Hugh William McGuire, Esquire, Station Superintendent, Naihati, Eastern Bengal Railway, Bengal.

J. P. THOMPSON,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 1st January 1926.

No. 7-H.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Nawab, as a personal distinction, upon—

Khan Bahadur Maulvi Musharuff Hossain, M.L.C., landholder, Jalpaiguri district, Bengal.

No. 8-H.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Raja, as a personal distinction, upon—

Rai Bahadur Debendra Nath Mullick, landlord and merchant, Calcutta, Bengal.

No. 9-H.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Shams-ul-Ulama, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maulvi Muhammad Ishaque, Professor of Arabic, Islamic Intermediate College, Dacca, Bengal.

No. 10-H.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Mahamahopadhyaya, as a personal distinction, upon—
Pandit Phani Bhusan Tarkabagisha, Pabna, Bengal.

No. 14-H.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maulvi Yaquinnuddin Ahmad, Vice-Chairman, District Board, Dinajpur, Bengal.
Khan Sahib Maulvi Qurban Ullah, Registration Department, Bengal.
Maulvi Aziz-ul-Haq, pleader, Krishnagar, Nadia district, Bengal.
Khan Sahib Maulvi Kazi Imdad-ul-Haq, Secretary, Intermediate and Secondary Board of Education, Dacca, Bengal.

No. 15-H.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—
Rai Sahib Jashoda Kumar Ghosh, Vakil, Noakhali, Bengal.
Rai Sahib Rebati Mohan Das, Honorary Treasurer and Secretary, Dacca Orphanage Society, Bengal.
Rai Sahib Madan Gopal Mahata, Banker and Merchant, Calcutta, Bengal.
Rai Sahib Nalinaksha Datta, Zamindar and Honorary Magistrate, Krishnagar, Nadia, Bengal.
Rai Sahib Malli Nath Ray, Bengal Civil Service, Estates Manager, Calcutta Improvement Trust, Calcutta, Bengal.
Rai Sahib Panchanan Mazumdar, Chairman, District Board, Malda, Bengal.
Babu Saroda Charan Mitra, Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, Bengal.
Babu Hem Chandra Chatarji, Additional District Magistrate, 24-Parganas, Bengal.

No. 18-H.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maulvi Abdur Rahman Khan, Superintendent, Teachers' Training School, Dacca, Bengal.
Maulvi Abul Hashem Khan Chaudhuri, Second Inspector of Schools, Burdwan Division, Bengal.
Maulvi Saiyid Ahmad Bakht, Muhammadan Marriage Registrar, Dacca, Bengal.

No. 19-H.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

Babu Achyuta Nath Adhikari, Head Master, Darjeeling High School, Darjeeling, Bengal.
Babu Tinkari Biswas, Khas Mahal Supervisor, Government Khas Mahal Department, Bakarganj, Bengal.
Babu Anath Bandhu Chatarji, Assistant Settlement Officer, Khulna, Bengal.
Babu Ambika Charan Chakrabatti, Officiating Deputy Superintendent of Police, Madaripur, Faridpur district, Bengal.
Babu Dina Nath Chakrabatti, Mukhtear, Dacca, Bengal.
Babu Haridas Goswami, Head Master, East Indian State Railway High English School, Asansol, Bengal.
Babu Hari Kumar Gupta, Officiating Deputy Superintendent of Police, Midnapore, Bengal.
Babu Debendra Nath Mitra, District Agricultural Officer, Faridpur, Bengal.
Babu Behari Lal Mukharji, Honorary Magistrate, Tamluk, Midnapore, Bengal.
Babu Mathura Prosad, Zamindar and Merchant, Darjeeling, Bengal.
Babu Sharat Chandra Pal, Assistant Director, Civil Veterinary Department, Bengal.
Babu Nripati Ranjan Ray, Talukdar, Dacca, Bengal.
Babu Surendra Narayan Ray, Officiating Executive Engineer, Public Health Department, Dacca Division, Bengal.
Babu Akshay Kumar Sen, Pleader, Faridpur, Bengal.
Babu Durga Charan Singh, Forest Ranger, Bengal.

J. P. THOMPSON,

Political Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

KING'S POLICE MEDAL.

NOTIFICATION.

POLICE.

Delhi, the 1st January 1926.

No. F.-25-III.-25.—His Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been pleased to confer the King's Police Medal, and in one case a bar to the medal previously awarded, on the following officers and men of the Indian Police Establishments :—

Name of officer and rank.	Statement of services for which, in particular, the decoration has been conferred.
•	•
•	•
•	•

BENGAL.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 10. Nirmal Kanti Ray, Officiating Assistant Sub-Inspector, Bengal Police. | This officer has shown tact and courage and devotion to duty at the risk of his life. |
| 11. Sheo Saran Singh, Constable, Calcutta Police. | In June 1924 Calcutta was filled with rumours of kidnapping of young children by Sikhs in connection with alleged sacrifices at the King George's Dock, Kidderpore, where extensive excavations were taking place. This rumour led to instances of assault on members of the Sikh community in Calcutta which ended fatally in several cases. On the 10th June a Sikh was waylaid by a mixed gang of local Muhammadans and Hindus. A constable heard of this when on patrol and went to the place, but finding the crowd too large for him ran to a distance and blew his whistle which brought up constable Sheo Saran Singh. The constables proceeded to take off their belts and flourished and brandished them in the face of the crowd which they kept at bay for some time. Finding the position untenable they pluckily and skilfully withdrew the Sikh and pushed him inside a roadside culvert and stood at either end keeping the crowd from maltreating the man. Information had in the meantime reached the local police-station and reinforcements arrived which effected a rescue. Constable Sheo Saran Singh thus showed great courage and devotion to duty at the risk of his own life. |
| 12. Upendra Chandra Ghosh, Officiating Sub-Inspector, Bengal Police. | This officer has rendered valuable services at great personal risk and has shown great devotion to duty and absolute fearlessness. |
| 13. John Elliot Armstrong, O.B.E., Deputy Inspector-General of Police. | Mr. Armstrong joined the Indian (Imperial) Police Service in 1897 and was promoted to his present rank in 1920. He has held various important appointments in different branches of the Police Service and has been almost continuously in charge of the C. I. D. since 1919. He has for some time been in charge of the Intelligence Branch in addition and has shown marked ability in controlling the heavy work of both departments. In organising arrests under Ordinance I of 1924 and under Regulation III of 1818 and in dealing with revolutionary activities generally Mr. Armstrong has shown great tact, patience and ability. Mr. Armstrong is a particularly able, hardworking and loyal officer and has shown great devotion to duty throughout his service. |
| 14. Jatindra Nath Sinha, Probationary Inspector, Bengal Police. | The service record of this officer has been characterised by specially meritorious work from the beginning and he has shown marked detective ability in several dacoity cases. In 1920 and 1921 he completely checked the activities of a dangerous Punjabi gang of dacoits whose field of operation extended over several districts. He is one of the best detectives in the Force and has shown considerable courage and devotion to duty at the risk of his life. |

J. CRERAR,

Secretary to the Government of India.



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THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1926.

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HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 28th December 1925.

No. F.-636-24.—In pursuance of sub-section 2 (i) of section 101 of the Government of India Act, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dwarka Nath Chakrabarti to act as an Additional Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, up to and including the 31st March 1926.

H. TONKINSON,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 18th December 1925.

No. F.-200-I-C.S.R./25.—The following resolution by the Secretary of State for India in Council is published for general information :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 96B of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State in Council, with the concurrence of the majority of votes at a meeting of the Council held on the 21st day of October 1925, hereby makes the following rules :—

1. These rules may be called the Passage Rules (1925).
2. A local Government may sanction for any officer whom it has appointed in Europe to the public service in India a free passage to India.
3. A local Government may sanction for any officer deputed out of India free return passage from India to the country in which the officer is deputed.
4. A local Government may grant free passages, including travelling expenses by rail to the port of embarkation, in urgent cases where in their opinion it is desirable that an officer, or his dependants, should leave India, and where the pecuniary circumstances of the individuals concerned are such that they are unable to leave without such assistance.
5. A local Government may sanction a free return passage for any officer entitled to a return passage on the termination of his agreement, whose services are retained in the public interest beyond the original period of his engagement. The local Government may also sanction an extension of an original concession in regard to free passages home for an officer's family.

6. A departmental officer of the commissary class, or a departmental warrant officer, in civil employ, shall be entitled to the same passage concessions as he would receive if he were in military employ.

7. Articles 601A and 1123 of the Civil Service Regulations are hereby repealed.

The 19th December 1925.

No. F.-96-C. S. R./25.—The following resolution by the Secretary of State for India in Council is published for general information :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 96B of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State in Council, with the concurrence of the majority of votes at a meeting held on this 21st day of October 1925, hereby makes the following amendments to the Civil Service Regulations :—

1. In Article 733 of the said Regulations, after the figure "739" the figure "741A" shall be inserted.

2. In Table (c) of Article 740 of the said Regulations, the words "Conductor" and "Sub-Conductor" shall be substituted for the words "Warrant Officer, Class I," and "Warrant Officer, Class II," respectively.

3. After Article 741 in the said Regulations, the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"741A. A civil officer in receipt of pay of Rs. 200 a month or more, serving in a civil capacity with a military force, who is eventually invalided from his civil employment owing to disease attributable to such service, may be granted by the Government of India, with effect from the date of invaliding, a pension equal in amount to the disability addition to his service pension which would have been awarded to him had he been a regular officer or a Warrant Officer of the Army, pronounced permanently unfit for military service owing to disability attributable to such service, his rank for this purpose being determined according to the Table of relative military rank in Article 740 :

Provided that where the rank so determined is that of Conductor or Sub-Conductor, the pension admissible under this article shall be equal to the disablement addition which would have been awarded to a Warrant Officer who has qualified by length of service for a retiring pension."

A. C. MCWATTERS,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (CENTRAL REVENUES).

NOTIFICATION.

STAMPS.

Delhi, the 18th December 1925.

C. No. 10-Stamps-25.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 20, sub-section (2) of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Central Revenues) C. No. 125-Stamps-25, dated the 18th September 1925, as subsequently amended, namely :—

In the entry in the third column of the table relating to French currency for the figures "0-2-0" the figures "0-1-9" shall be substituted.

A. TOTTENHAM,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATION.

TARIFFS.

TARIFF VALUATIONS.

Delhi, the 26th December 1925.

No. 73-T. (25).—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 73-T. (10), dated the 20th December 1924, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to fix, with effect from the 1st January 1926, for the articles specified in column 3 of the Import Tariff Schedule and column 2 of the Export Tariff Schedule hereto annexed, the tariff values stated in columns 5 and 4 respectively of the said schedules.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF.

Note.—In the expression "*ad valorem*" used in this schedule the reference is to "real value" as defined in section 30 of the Ben Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878).

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco.				Rs. A. P.	
FISH.					
1	27	FISH, SALTED, wet or dry	Indian maund of 82½ lbs. avoirdupois weight.	...	Such rate or rates of duty not exceeding one rupee as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the <i>Gazette of India</i> , from time to time prescribe.*
2	65	FISH, excluding salted fish ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
3	66	FISHMAWS, including singally and sozille, and sharkfins.	...	"	15 " "
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.					
4	67	FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, all sorts, fresh, dried, salted or preserved—			
		Almonds, without shell	cwt.	80 0 0	15 " "
		" kágozi, Persian, in the shell ...	"	95 0 0	15 " "
		" in the shell, Persian	"	18 0 0	15 " "
		" all other sorts ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		Cashew or cajoo kernels	cwt.	25 0 0	15 " "
		Coconuts, Straits, Dutch East Indies and Siam.	thousand	115 0 0	15 " "
		" Maldives	"	34 0 0	15 " "
		" other	"	55 0 0	15 " "
		" kernel (khopra)... ..	cwt.	22 0 0	15 " "
		Currants	"	24 0 0	15 " "
		Dates, dry, in bags	"	11 0 0	15 " "
		" wet, in bags, baskets and bundles	"	5 0 0	15 " "
		" in pots, boxes, tins and crates.	"	11 0 0	15 " "
		Figs, dried, Persian	"	13 0 0	15 " "
		" " European	"	18 0 0	15 " "
		Garlic	"	6 0 0	15 " "
		Pistachio nuts	"	70 0 0	15 " "
		Raisins, Munakka, Persian Gulf ...	"	14 0 0	15 " "
		" other sorts ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		All other sorts of fruits and vegetables, fresh, dried, salted or preserved.	...	"	15 " "
GRAIN, PULSE AND FLOUR.					
5	68	FLOUR... ..	...	"	15 " "
6	1A	GRAIN AND PULSE, all sorts, including broken grains and pulse, but excluding flour (see No. 5).	...	...	Free.

* The rate on the 1st January 1926 and until further notice is annas 7½.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco—<i>contd.</i>					
				Rs. A. P.	
LIQUORS.					Rs. A.
7	29	ALE, Beer, Porter, Cider and other fermented liquors.	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	...	0 8
8	29	DENATURED SPIRIT ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent.
9	31	LIQUEURS, Cordials, Mixtures and other preparations containing spirit—			Rs. A.
		(a) Entered in such a manner as to indicate that the strength is not to be tested.	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	...	30 0 or 15 per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> , whichever is higher.
		(b) If tested	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles of the strength of London proof.	...	Rs. A. 21 14 and the duty to be increased or reduced in proportion as the strength of the spirit exceeds or is less than London proof or 15 per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> , whichever is higher.
10	30	PERFUMED SPIRITS	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	...	Rs. A. 36 0 or 15 per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> , whichever is higher.
11	32	All other sorts of SPIRIT	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles of the strength of London proof.	...	Rs. A. 21 14 and the duty to be increased or reduced in proportion as the strength of the spirit exceeds or is less than London proof or 15 per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> , whichever is higher.
12	33	WINES—			Rs. A.
		Champagne and all other sparkling wines not containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit.	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	...	9 0
		All other sorts of wines not containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit.	"	...	4 8
		Provided that all sparkling and still wines containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit shall be liable to duty at the rate applicable to "All other sorts of spirit."			

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
		I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco— <i>contd.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
		PROVISIONS AND OILMAN'S STORES.			
13	69	PROVISIONS, OILMAN'S STORES, AND GROCERIES, all sorts, excluding vinegar in casks (<i>see</i> No. 14)—			
		Butter	lb.	1 14 0	15 per cent.
		Cassava, Tapioca or Sago (whole) ...	cwt.	14 0 0	15 " "
		" " " (flour) ...	"	11 8 0	15 " "
		China preserves in syrup ...	box of six large or twelve small jars.	9 8 0	15 " "
		" " dry, candied ...	lb.	0 7 0	15 " "
		China canned fruit ...	case of 4 doz.	16 0 0	15 " "
		Cocum ...	cwt.	7 0 0	15 " "
		Ghi ...	"	60 0 0	15 " "
		Vermicelli, flour Chinese ...	"	30 0 0	15 " "
		" peas " ...	"	32 0 0	15 " "
		" rice " ...	"	14 0 0	15 " "
		Yeast, Chinese ...	"	26 0 0	15 " "
		All other sorts of provisions, oilman's stores and groceries.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
14	48	VINEGAR, in casks ...	...	"	2½ " "
		SACCHARINE.			
					Rs. A.
15	34A	SACCHARINE (except in tablets)...	lb.	...	20 0
16	34B	SACCHARINE TABLETS ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	25 per cent. or Rs. 20 per pound of saccharine contents, whichever is higher.
		SPICES.			
17	70	SPICES, all sorts—			
		Betelnuts, raw, whole, split, or sliced, also red whole, from Goa.	cwt.	22 0 0	15 per cent.
		" raw, whole, split, or sliced, also red whole, from Straits, Dutch East Indies and Siam.	"	20 0 0	15 " "
		" boiled, split or sliced ...	"	26 0 0	15 " "
		" whole, from Ceylon ...	"	19 0 0	15 " "
		" raw, split (sun-dried), from Ceylon.	"	30 0 0	15 " "
		" all other sorts ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		Chillies, dry ...	cwt.	25 0 0	15 " "
		Cloves ...	"	63 0 0	15 " "
		" exhausted ...	"	11 0 0	15 " "
		" stems and heads ...	"	9 0 0	15 " "
		" in seeds, narlayang ...	"	20 0 0	15 " "
		Ginger, dry ...	"	50 0 0	15 " "
		Mace ...	lb.	1 10 0	15 " "
		Nutmegs ...	"	1 0 0	15 " "
		" in shell ...	"	0 8 0	15 " "
		Pepper, black ...	cwt.	27 0 0	15 " "
		" long ...	"	50 0 0	15 " "
		" white ...	"	55 0 0	15 " "
		All other sorts of spices ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco—<i>contd.</i>					
				Rs. A. P.	
SUGAR.					
18	124	CONFECTIONERY ... ..	... ..	
19	34	SUGAR, excluding confectionery (see No. 18)—	cwt.	<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 per cent.
		(1) Sugar, crystallised or soft, 23 Dutch Standard and above.	"	...	Rs. A. 4 8
		(2) Sugar, crystallised or soft, inferior to 23 Dutch Standard but not inferior to 8 Dutch Standard.	"	...	4 0
		(3) Sugar below 8 Dutch Standard	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	25 per cent.
		Molasses	cwt.	3 0 0	25 " "
		Sugar Candy	"	22 0 0	25 " "
TEA					
20	71	TEA—			
		Tea, black	lb.	0 11 0	15 " "
		" green	"	1 4 0	15 " "
OTHER FOOD AND DRINK					
21	72	COFFEE	cwt.	45 0 0	15 " "
22	1	HOPS ... ..	...	...	Free.
23	35	SALT, excluding Salt exempted under No. 24	Indian maund of 82½ lbs. avoirdupois weight.	...	The rate at which excise duty is for the time being leviable on salt manufactured in the place where the import takes place.*
24	2	SALT imported into British India and issued, in accordance with rules made with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, for use in any process of manufacture: also salt imported into the port of Calcutta and issued with the sanction of the Government of Bengal to manufacturers of glazed stone-ware; also salt imported into any port in the provinces of Bengal and Bihar and Orissa and issued, in accordance with rules made with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, for use in curing fish in those provinces.	...	...	Free.
25	73	ALL OTHER SORTS OF FOOD AND DRINK NOT otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
TOBACCO.					
26	37	CIGARS ... ..	...	
26A	37A	CIGARETTES of value—	...		75 " "
		(a) not exceeding Rs. 10-8 per thousand	thousand	...	Rs. A. 7 0
		(b) exceeding Rs. 10-8 per thousand ...	"	...	10 8
<p><i>Note.</i>—For the purposes of this item, "value" means real value as defined in section 30 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, provided that the amount to be deducted on account of duties payable on importation to determine the real value in accordance with the provisions of clause (c) of the said section shall be Rs. 7 per thousand.</p>					

* The rate of excise duty on the 1st January 1926 and until further notice is Rs. 1-4.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
		I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco — <i>concl.</i>		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.
		TOBACCO— <i>concl.</i>			
27	36	TOBACCO, unmanufactured ...	lb.	...	1 0
28	38	All other sorts of TOBACCO manufactured	"	...	2 4
		II.—Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured.			
		COAL, COKE AND PATENT FUEL.			
29	39	COAL, COKE AND PATENT FUEL ...	ton	...	0 8
		GUMS, RESINS AND LAC.			
30	74	GUMS, RESINS AND LAC, all sorts— Gambier, block and cube ...	cwt.	30 0 0	15 per cent.
		" in flakes or circular pieces ...	"	42 0 0	15 " "
		" other sorts ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		Gum Ammoniac ...	cwt.	35 0 0	15 " "
		" Arabic ...	"	23 0 0	15 " "
		" Benjamin, ras ...	"	25 0 0	15 " "
		" " cowrie ...	"	53 0 0	15 " "
		" Bysabol (coarse myrrh) ...	"	35 0 0	15 " "
		" Olibanum or frankincense ...	"	12 0 0	15 " "
		" Persian (false) ...	"	14 0 0	15 " "
		Myrrh ...	"	40 0 0	15 " "
		Rosin ...	"	16 0 0	15 " "
		All other sorts of gums, gum-resins, and articles made of gum or gum-resin.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		HIDES AND SKINS, RAW.			
31	3	HIDES AND SKINS, raw or salted ...	...	...	Free.
		METALLIC ORES, AND SCRAP IRON OR STEEL FOR RE-MANUFACTURE.			
32	58	IRON OR STEEL, old ...	cwt.	1 12 0	10 per cent.
33	4	METALLIC ORES, all sorts, except ochres and other pigment ores.	...	...	Free.
		OILS.			Rs. A. P.
34	40	KEROSENE, also any mineral oil other than kerosene and motor spirit which has its flashing point below one hundred degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer by Abel's close test.	Imperial gallon.	...	0 2 6
34A	40A	MOTOR SPIRIT ...	"	...	0 4 0
35	41	MINERAL OIL which has its flashing point at or above two hundred degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer and is such as is not ordinarily used for any other purpose than for the batching of jute or other fibre, or for lubrication— Batching oil ... Other sorts ...	ton ...	133 5 4 <i>Ad valorem</i>	7½ per cent. 7½ " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
		II.—Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured—<i>contd.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
		TEXTILE MATERIALS—<i>contd.</i>			
44	8	WOOL, raw, and WOOL-TOPS ...	...	...	Free.
		WOOD AND TIMBER.			
45	49	FIREWOOD ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
46	79	WOOD AND TIMBER, all sorts, not otherwise specified, including all sorts of ornamental wood.	...	"	15 " "
		MISCELLANEOUS.			
47	80	CANES AND RATTANS ...	...	"	15 " "
48	81	COWRIES AND SHELLS—			
		Cowries, bazar, common ...	cwt.	7 0 0	15 " "
		" yellow, superior quality ...	"	8 8 0	15 " "
		" Maldivé ...	"	12 0 0	15 " "
		" Sankhli ...	"	140 0 0	15 " "
		Mother of pearl, nacre ...	"	20 0 0	15 " "
		Nakhla ...	"	140 0 0	15 " "
		Tortoise-shell ...	lb.	9 0 0	15 " "
		" nakh ...	"	2 4 0	15 " "
		All other sorts, including articles made of shell, not otherwise described.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
49	82	IVORY, unmanufactured—			
		Elephants' grinders ...	cwt.	300 0 0	15 " "
		" tusks (other than hollows, centres, and points) each exceeding 20 lb. in weight, and hollows, centres, and points each weighing 10 lb. and over.	"	875 0 0	15 " "
		Elephants' tusks (other than hollows, centres and points), not less than 10 lb. and not exceeding 20 lb. each, and hollows, centres, and points each weighing less than 10 lb.	"	750 0 0	15 " "
		Elephants' tusks each less than 10 lb. (other than hollows, centres and points).	"	440 0 0	15 " "
		Sea-cow or moye teeth, each not less than 4 lb.	"	250 0 0	15 " "
		Sea-cow or moye teeth, each not less than 3 lb. and under 4 lb.	"	210 0 0	15 " "
		Sea-cow or moye teeth, each less than 3 lb.	"	130 0 0	15 " "
		All other sorts unmanufactured not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
50	9	MANURES, all sorts, including animal bones and the following chemical manures :— basic slag, nitrate of ammonia, nitrate of soda, muriate of potash, sulphate of ammonia, sulphate of potash, kainit salts, carbide lime, urea, nitrate of lime, calcium cyanamide, mineral phosphates and mineral superphosphates.	...	...	Free.
51	83	PRECIOUS STONES, unset and imported cut	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
52	5	PRECIOUS STONES, unset and imported uncut, and PEARLS, unset.	...	...	Free.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Name of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
		II.—Raw materials and produce and articles mainly unmanufactured—<i>concl'd.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
		MISCELLANEOUS—<i>concl'd.</i>			
53	10	PULP OF WOOD, BAGS and other paper-making materials.	...	...	Free.
53A	10A	RUBBER, RAW ...	...	...	Free.
54	84	ALL OTHER RAW MATERIALS AND PRODUCE, and articles mainly unmanufactured, not otherwise specified.*	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
		III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured.			
		APPAREL.			
55	55	APPAREL, including drapery, boots and shoes, and military and other uniforms and accoutrements, but excluding uniforms and accoutrements exempted from duty (No. 56) and gold and silver thread (Nos. 96 and 97) and articles made of silk or silk mixtures (see Nos. 106A, 107A and 107B).	...	"	15 " "
56	11	UNIFORMS AND ACCOUTREMENTS appertaining thereto, imported by a public servant for his personal use.	...	...	Free.
		ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES.			
57	42	Subject to the exemptions specified in No. 60, ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES, that is to say—			Rs. A.
		(1) Firearms other than pistols, including gas and air guns and rifles.	each	...	15 0 }
		(2) Barrels for the same, whether single or double.	"	...	15 0 }
		(3) Pistols, including automatic pistols and revolvers.	"	...	15 0 }
		(4) Barrels for the same, whether single or double.	"	...	15 0 }
		(5) Main springs and magazine springs for firearms including gas-guns and rifles.	"	...	5 0 }
		(6) Gun stocks and breech blocks ...	"	...	3 0 }
		(7) Revolver-cylinders, for each cartridge they will carry.	"	...	2 0 }
		(8) Actions (including skeleton and waster), breech bolts and their heads, cocking pieces, and locks for muzzle-loading arms.	"	...	1 0 }
		(9) Machines for making, loading or closing cartridges for rifled arms.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 per cent.
		(10) Machines for capping cartridges for rifled arms.	...	"	30 " "
58	125	GUNPOWDER for cannons, rifles, guns, pistols and sporting purposes.	"	"	30 " "

* Under Government of India notification No. 4217, dated the 2nd July 1921, unmanufactured mica is exempt from payment of import duty.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
		III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>			
		ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES—<i>contd.</i>			
59	126	Subject to the exemptions specified in No. 60, all ARTICLES other than those specified in entry No. 57, which are ARMS OR PARTS OF ARMS within the meaning of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (excluding springs used for air-guns which are dutiable as hardware, under No. 75), all tools used for cleaning or putting together the same, all machines for making, loading, closing or capping cartridges for arms other than rifled arms and all other sorts of ammunition and military stores, and any articles which the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the <i>Gazette of India</i> , declare to be ammunition or military stores for the purposes of this Act.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 per cent.
60	12	The following ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES— (a) Articles falling under the 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th or 10th item of No. 57 when they appertain to a firearm falling under the 1st or 3rd item and are fitted into the same case with such firearm ; (b) Arms forming part of the regular equipment of a commissioned or gazetted officer in His Majesty's Service entitled to wear diplomatic, military, naval, Royal Air Force or police uniform ; (c) A revolver and an automatic pistol and ammunition for such revolver and pistol up to a maximum of 100 rounds per revolver or pistol, (i) when accompanying a commissioned officer of His Majesty's regular forces, or of the Indian Auxiliary Force or the Indian Territorial Force or a gazetted police officer, or (ii) certified by the commandant of the corps to which such officer belongs, or, in the case of an officer not attached to any corps, by the officer commanding the station or district in which such officer is serving, or in the case of a police officer, by an Inspector-General or Commissioner of Police, to be imported by the officer for the purpose of his equipment ; (d) Swords for presentation as army or volunteer prizes ; (e) Arms, ammunition, and military stores imported with the sanction of the Government of India for the use of any portion of the military forces of a State in India which may be maintained and organized for Imperial Service ; (f) Morris tubes and patent ammunition imported by officers commanding British and Indian regiments or volunteer corps for the instruction of their men.	...	...	Free.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>					
ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES—<i>contd.</i>					
61	86	EXPLOSIVES, namely, blasting gunpowder, blasting gelatine, blasting dynamite, blasting roborite, blasting tonite, and all other sorts, including denonators and blasting fuse.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND MEDICINES.					
62	13	ANTI-PLAGUE SERUM ... ..	...	...	Free.
63	50	COPPERAS, green— (1) Imported in hulk (2) Imported otherwise	cwt. ...	3 0 0 <i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent. 2½ " "
64	43	OPIMUM and its alkaloids, and their derivatives.	seer of 80 tolas.	...	Rs. 4. 24 0 or 15 per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> , whichever is higher.
65	14	CINCHONA BARK and the alkaloids extracted therefrom including QUININE.	...	...	Free.
65A	14A	SULPHUR ... ..	...	...	Free.
66	88	CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND MEDICINES, all sorts not otherwise specified—	...	...	Free.
		Alkali, Indian (sajji-khar)	cwt.	3 8 0	15 per cent.
		Alum (lump)	"	6 0 0	15 " "
		Ammonium chloride— Muriate of Ammonia, crystalline Salammoniac, sublimed Other sorts including compressed	" " " "	20 0 0 23 0 0 25 0 0	15 " " 15 " " 15 " "
		Arsenic (China mansil) " other sorts	" "	85 0 0 <i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " " 15 " "
		Bleaching powder	cwt.	11 0 0	15 " "
		Calcium chloride	"	5 0 0	15 " "
		Carbide of calcium	"	16 0 0	15 " "
		Carbonate of ammonia	"	34 0 0	15 " "
		Epsom salts (in bulk)	"	4 0 0	15 " "
		Magnesium chloride	"	4 0 0	15 " "
		Peppermint crystals	lb.	29 0 0	15 " "
		Potassium Bichromate	cwt.	30 0 0	15 " "
		Silicate of soda (in liquid form)	"	8 0 0	15 " "
		Soda ash including calcined natural soda and manufactured sesqui-carbonates.	"	6 0 0	15 " "
		Soda, bicarbonate	"	8 8 0	15 " "
		" bichromate	"	25 8 0	15 " "
		" caustic, solid	"	10 8 0	15 " "
		" " flake	"	15 0 0	15 " "
		" " powdered	"	15 8 0	15 " "
		" crystals (in bulk)	"	5 8 0	15 " "
		Sodium Sulphide	"	8 0 0	15 " "
		Sulphate of copper	"	17 0 0	15 " "
		Trona or natural soda uncalcined	"	3 8 0	15 " "
		All other sorts of chemical products and preparations not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		Aloe-wood ... ..	...	...	15 " "
		Anafoetida (hing)	cwt.	100 0 0	15 " "
		" coarse (hingra)	"	30 0 0	15 " "
		Atary, Persian ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		Bansalochan (bamboo camphor)	lb.	0 10 0	15 " "
		Calumba root	cwt.	5 0 0	15 " "
		Camphor, refined, other than powder	lb.	2 4 0	15 " "
		" powder, from Japan	"	2 0 0	15 " "
		" " " China including Hongkong.	"	1 12 0	15 " "
		Cassia lignea	cwt.	22 0 0	15 " "
		China root (chobchini) rough	"	20 0 0	15 " "
		" " " scraped	"	35 0 0	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
		III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
		CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND MEDICINES—<i>contd.</i>			
66	88	CHEMICALS, DRUGS AND MEDICINES, all sorts not otherwise specified— <i>contd.</i>			
		Cubeba	cwt.	120 0 0	15 per cent.
		Galangal, China	"	15 0 0	15 " "
		Salap	"	220 0 0	15 " "
		Storax, liquid (rose mellos or salinas) ...	"	40 0 0	15 " "
		All other sorts of drugs, medicines and narcotics.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		CONVEYANCES.			
67	142	COAL-TUBS, tipping wagons and the like conveyances designed for use on light rail track, if adapted to be worked by manual or animal labour and if made mainly of iron or steel; and component parts thereof made of iron or steel.	...	"	25 " "
	87	TRAMCARS, motor-omnibuses, motor-lorries, motor-vans, passenger lifts, carriages, carts, jinrikshas, bathchairs, perambulators, trucks, wheel barrows, bicycles, tricycles, and all other sorts of conveyances not otherwise specified, and component parts and accessories thereof, except such parts and accessories of the motor vehicles above mentioned as are also adapted for use as parts or accessories of motor cars, motor cycles, or motor scooters (see No. 68).	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
68	127	MOTOR-CARS, motor-cycles, motor-scooters, and articles adapted for use as parts and accessories thereof: provided that such articles as are ordinarily also used for purposes other than as parts and accessories of motor-vehicles included in this item or in No. 67 shall be dutiable at the rate of duty specified for such articles.	...	"	30 " "
		CUTLERY, HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS.			
69	15	The following AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, namely, winnowers, threshers, mowing and reaping machines, binding machines, elevators, seed and corn crushers, chaff-cutters, root cutters, ensilage cutters, horse and bullock gears, ploughs, cultivators, scarifiers, harrows, clod-crushers, seed-drills, hay-tedders, potato diggers, latex spouts, spraying machines and rakes; also agricultural tractors; also component parts of these implements, machines or tractors; provided that they can be readily fitted into their proper places in the implements, machines or tractors for which they are imported and that they cannot ordinarily be used for purposes unconnected with agriculture.	...	"	Free.
70	129	ARTICLES PLATED WITH GOLD AND SILVER ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 per cent.
71	128	CLOCKS AND WATCHES, and parts thereof ...	...	"	30 " "
72	89	CUTLERY, excluding plated cutlery (see No. 70).	...	"	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Name of Articles.	Per	Tariff-valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>					
CUTLERY, HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS AND INSTRUMENTS—<i>concl.</i>				Rs. A.	
73	16	The following DAIRY APPLIANCES, namely, cream separators, milk sterilizing or pasteurizing plant, milk aerating and cooling apparatus, churns, butter dryers, and butter workers; also component parts of these appliances, provided that they can be readily fitted into their proper places in the appliances for which they are imported, and that they cannot ordinarily be used for other than dairy purposes.	...	...	Free
74	90A	ELECTRICAL CONTROL GEAR AND TRANSMISSION GEAR, namely, switches, fuses and current-breaking devices of all sorts and descriptions, designed for use in circuits of less than ten amperes and at a pressure not exceeding 250 volts, and regulators for use with motors designed to consume less than 187 watts; bare or insulated copper wires and cables, any one core of which has a sectional area of less than one-eightieth part of a square inch, and wires and cables of other metals of not more than equivalent conductivity; and line insulators, including also cleats, connectors, leading-in tubes and the like, of types and sizes such as are ordinarily used in connection with the transmission of power for other than industrial purposes, and the fittings thereof.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
75	90	HARDWARE, IRONMONGERY AND TOOLS, all sorts, not otherwise specified.	...	...	15 " "
76	17	INSTRUMENTS, APPARATUS, AND APPLIANCES, imported by a passenger as part of his personal baggage and in actual use by him in the exercise of his profession or calling.	...	...	Free.
77	130	MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS and parts thereof ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 per cent.
78	59	TELEGRAPHIC INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS and parts thereof, imported by, or under the orders of, a railway company.	...	"	10 " "
79	18	WATER-LIFTS, SUGAR MILLS, OIL-PRESSERS, and parts thereof, when constructed so that they can be worked by manual or animal power.	...	...	Free.
80	91	All other sorts of IMPLEMENTS, INSTRUMENTS, APPARATUS AND APPLIANCES, and parts thereof, not otherwise specified.*	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
DYES AND COLOURS.					
81	92	DYEING AND TANNING SUBSTANCES, all sorts, and PAINTS AND COLOURS and painters' materials, all sorts—			
		Alizarine dye, dry, not exceeding 40 per cent.	lb.	1 8 0	15 per cent.
		" " " over 40 per cent. but not exceeding 50 per cent.	"	1 12 0	15 " "
		" " " over 50 per cent. but not exceeding 60 per cent.	"	2 0 0	15 " "
		" " " over 60 per cent. but not exceeding 70 per cent.	"	2 4 0	15 " "

* Under Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenue) notification No. 96-1.Ous.—25, dated the 28th February 1925, apparatus for wireless telegraphy designed either for transmission or reception whether by telegraphy or telephony, when imported in accordance with the orders for the time being governing the importation of such apparatus is liable to duty at 2½ per cent. *ad valorem*.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
		III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
		DYES AND COLOURS—<i>concl'd.</i>			
81	92	DYEING AND TANNING SUBSTANCES, all sorts, and PAINTS AND COLOURS and painters' materials, all sorts— <i>concl'd.</i>			
		Alizarine dye, dry, over 70 per cent. but not exceeding 80 per cent.	lb.	2 8 0	15 per cent.
		" " " over 80 per cent....	"	3 0 0	15 " "
		" " moist, not exceeding 10 per cent.	"	0 6 0	15 " "
		" " " over 10 per cent. and not exceeding 16 per cent.	"	0 7 0	15 " "
		" " " over 16 per cent. and not exceeding 20 per cent.	"	0 9 0	15 " "
		" " " exceeding 20 per cent.	"	0 14 0	15 " "
		Aniline dye, moist ...	"	1 12 0	15 " "
		" dyes, black, of sulphur series...	"	0 10 0	15 " "
		" " congo red ...	"	1 0 0	15 " "
		All other aniline dyes, dry ...	"	2 2 0	15 " "
		Aniline salts ...	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		Avar bark ...	cwt.	4 8 0	15 " "
		Cochineal ...	lb.	1 4 0	15 " "
		Gallnuts (myrobalans) ...	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		" Persian ...	cwt.	35 0 0	15 " "
		Gamboge ...	lb.	2 4 0	15 " "
		Turmeric ...	cwt.	25 0 0	15 " "
		All other sorts of dyeing and tanning materials.	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		Lead, red, dry ...	cwt.	32 0 0	15 " "
		" white, dry ...	"	32 0 0	15 " "
		Lithopone ...	"	16 0 0	15 " "
		Turpentine ...	Imperial gallon.	5 0 0	15 " "
		Vermilion, Canton ...	box of 90 bundles.	160 0 0	15 " "
		Zinc, white, dry ...	cwt.	35 0 0	15 " "
		All other sorts of paints, colours, pigment ores and painters' materials not otherwise specified, including glue and putty.	"	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		FURNITURE, CABINETWARE AND MANUFACTURES OF WOOD.			
82	93	FURNITURE, CABINETWARE, and all other manufactures of wood not otherwise specified.	"	"	15 " "
		GLASSWARE AND EARTHENWARE.			
83	94	GLASS AND GLASSWARE, lacquered ware, earthenware, china and porcelain, all sorts, except glass bangles, beads, and false pearls and aerated water bottles (Codd's pattern) (<i>see</i> Nos. 84 and 85).	"	"	15 " "
84	94	Aerated water bottles (Codd's pattern), empty—			
		Under 10 ozs. ...	gross	30 0 0	15 " "
		10 ozs. ...	"	32 0 0	15 " "
		Over 10 ozs. ...	"	36 0 0	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>					
GLASSWARE AND EARTHENWARE					
<i>—concl'd.</i>					
86	131	GLASS BEADS AND FALSE PEARLS ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	80 per cent.
GLASS BANGLES—					
<i>China—</i>					
		Nimuchi and pasalai ...	100 pairs	1 8 0	80 " "
		Bracelet Jodi and fancy, all kinds ...	"	4 0 0	30 " "
		Rajawarakh, all kinds ...	"	6 0 0	30 " "
<i>Japan—</i>					
		Reshmi, plain or fancy, all colours—			
		Hollow or Tube ...	dozen pairs	0 1 9	30 " "
		Vakmel or Zigzag ...	"	0 2 0	30 " "
		All others ...	"	0 1 0	30 " "
		Sonerikada (golhala) ...	"	0 3 6	30 " "
<i>European—</i>					
		Common, including plain colour, painted or flowered, but excluding vakmel or zigzag—			
		Garnet and ruby, excluding pasalai	"	0 5 0	30 " "
		All colours, excepting garnet and ruby, but including pasaba-drang.	"	0 3 0	30 " "
		Gilt and fancy, all sizes, including Kerihiira, Chandtera, Salmadar, "K" flower, and Momachi, and including pressed and painted.	"	1 0 0	30 " "
		Pasafal and machine polished, thin, including patli flower and fancy round rings, but excluding vakmel or zigzag.	"	0 7 0	30 " "
		Common mirror bangles including chasma and Ranidarbar.	"	0 9 0	30 " "
		Pasalai ...	"	0 5 0	30 " "
		Vakmel or zigzag, plain or fancy, all colours.	"	0 10 0	30 " "
		All other kinds ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 " "
HIDES, SKINS AND LEATHER.					
86	96	HIDES, AND SKINS not otherwise specified, LEATHER AND LEATHER MANUFACTURES, all sorts, not otherwise specified.	...	"	15 " "
MACHINERY.					
87	51	MACHINERY, namely, such of the following articles as are not specified in any of the following numbers, namely Nos. 67, 68, 69, 73, 74, 88A, 89, 108, 114, 127, 132, and 134—	...	"	2½ " "
		(1) prime-movers, boilers, locomotive engines and tenders for the same, portable engines (including power-driven road rollers, fire engines and tractors), and other machines in which the prime-mover is not separable from the operative parts ;			
		(2) machines and sets of machines to be worked by electric, steam, water, fire or other power, not being manual or animal labour, or which before being brought into use require to be fixed with reference to other moving parts ;			

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation:	Duty.
		III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
		MACHINERY—<i>contd.</i>			
87	51	MACHINERY, namely, such of the following articles as are not specified in any of the following numbers, namely Nos. 67, 68, 69, 73, 74, 88A, 89, 108, 114, 127, 132, and 184— <i>concl.</i> (3) apparatus and appliances, not to be operated by manual or animal labour, which are designed for use in an industrial system as parts indispensable for its operation and have been given for that purpose some special shape or quality which would not be essential for their use for any other purpose; (4) control gear, self-acting or otherwise, and transmission gear designed for use with any machinery above specified, including bolting of all materials and driving chains but not driving ropes; (5) bare hard-drawn electrolytic copper wires and cables and other electrical wires and cables, insulated or not; and poles, troughs, conduits and insulators designed as parts of a transmission system, and the fittings thereof. <i>Note</i> —The term "industrial system" used in sub-clause (3) means an installation designed to be employed directly in the performance of any process or series of processes necessary for the manufacture, production or extraction of any commodity.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
88	51A	COMPONENT PARTS OF MACHINERY, as defined in No. 87, namely, such parts only as are essential for the working of the machine or apparatus and have been given for that purpose some special shape or quality which would not be essential for their use for any other purpose. Provided that articles which do not satisfy this condition shall also be deemed to be component parts of the machine to which they belong if they are essential to its operation and are imported with it in such quantities as may appear to the Collector of Customs to be reasonable.	...	"	2½ " "
88A	51B	HEALDS, heald cords, heald knitting needles, reeds, and shuttles.	...	"	2½ " "
89	96	MACHINERY and component parts thereof, meaning machines or parts of machines to be worked by manual or animal labour, not otherwise specified (<i>see</i> Nos. 69, 73, 79 and 88A) and any machines (except such as are designed to be used exclusively in industrial processes) which require for their operation less than one quarter of one brake-horse-power.	...	"	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per.	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
		III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
		METALS, IRON AND STEEL.			
90		IRON—			
	60	ANGLE, channel and tee, not fabricated— Crown and superior qualities ...	ton	200 0 0	10 per cent.
	143	Other kinds ...	"	Specific	Rs. 20
	60	" " if galvanised, tinned, or lead coated.	"	200 0 0	10 per cent.
	143	ANGLE, channel and tee, fabricated ...	...	Ad valorem	15 " "
	60	BAR AND ROD— Qualities superior to Grade A of the British Engineering Standard Association.	ton	350 0 0	10 " "
	60	Grade A of the British Engineering Standard Association and Crown quality and intermediate qualities— Over $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in diameter or thickness.	"	190 0 0	10 " "
		$\frac{1}{2}$ inch and under in diameter or thickness.	"	220 0 0	10 " "
	144	Common ...	"	Specific	Rs. 35
	60	" " if galvanised, tinned, or lead coated.	"	180 0 0	10 per cent.
	60	All other sorts ...	...	Ad valorem	10 " "
	60	PIG ...	ton	80 0 0	10 " "
	60	RISE BOWLS ...	cwt.	22 0 0	10 " "
	60	SPIEGELEISEN, ferro-manganese, ferro-silicon and other ferro-alloys.	...	Ad valorem	10 " "
91		STEEL—			
	62	ALLOY STEEL, all kinds ...	...	"	10 " "
	62	ANGLE and tee if galvanised, tinned or lead coated— Not fabricated ...	ton	180 0 0	10 " "
		If fabricated ...	...	Ad valorem	10 " "
	150	ANGLE and tee, all other sorts, and beam, channel, zed, troughplate, piling and other structural sections— Not fabricated ...	ton	Specific	Rs. 30
		If fabricated ...	...	Ad valorem	25 per cent.
	62	BAR AND ROD— Planished or polished including bright steel shafting	ton	240 0 0	10 " "
	62	Galvanised or coated with other metals	"	180 0 0	10 " "
	151	Common merchant, and bar and rod designed for the reinforcing of concrete, all sizes.	"	Specific	Rs. 40
	62	All sorts not otherwise specified	...	Ad valorem	10 per cent.
	62	CRUCIBLE, shear, blister and tub steel all kinds.	...	"	10 " "
	62	INGOTS, blooms and billets ...	...	"	10 " "
		RAILWAY TRACK MATERIAL—			
	152	Rails 30 lbs. and over per yard, and fishplates therefor.	ton	Specific	Rs. 14
	152	Rails under 30 lbs. per yard, and fishplates therefor.	"	"	40
	61	Bearing plates ...	...	Ad valorem	10 per cent.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
		III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
		METALS, IRON AND STEEL—<i>contd.</i>			
91		STEEL—			
		RAILWAY TRACK MATERIAL—<i>concl'd.</i>			
152		Spikes and tie-bars	ton	Specific	Rs.
61		Sleepers and fastenings therefor and lever boxes.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	40
152		Switches, crossings and the like material not made of alloy steel.	...	"	10 per cent.
62		SLABS, 1½ inch thick or over ...	...	"	25 " "
62		STEEL for springs and for cutting tools made by any process.	...	"	10 " "
153		STRUCTURES fabricated partially or wholly not otherwise specified, if made mainly or wholly of steel bars, sections, plates or sheets, for the construction of buildings, bridges, tanks, well-curbs, trestles, towers, and similar structures or for parts therefor, but not including builders' hardware (<i>see</i> No. 75) or articles specified in Nos. 67, 87, 88 or 136.	...	"	10 " "
154		TIN plates and tinned sheets, including tin taggers.	ton	Specific	Rs. 60
154		TIN plate cuttings ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
61		TRAMWAY TRACK MATERIAL— Rails, fish-plates, tie-bars, switches, crossings and the like materials of shapes and sizes specially adapted to tramway track.	...	"	10 " "
92		IRON OR STEEL—			
61		ANCHORS AND CABLES ... ..	...	"	10 " "
61		BOLTS and nuts, including hook bolts and nuts for roofing.	...	"	10 " "
148A		DISCS AND CIRCLES— (a) Cut from plates or sheets of the kind specified under Nos. 147 and 148 in the Statutory Schedule :— Galvanised	ton	Specific	Rs. 45
61		Not galvanised	"	"	30
61		(b) Others ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 per cent.
61		EXPANDED METAL ... ..	...	"	10 " "
61		HOOPS AND STRIPS— Having a Brinell hardness number of 143 or over, or being coated with other metals.	ton	215 0 0	10 " "
		Having a Brinell hardness number of less than 143 and not being coated with other metals.	"	170 0 0	10 " "
145		NAILS, RIVETS AND WASHERS, all sorts— Nails, wire or French	cwt.	Specific	Rs. 3
61		" rone, deck, and flat-headed ...	"	18 0 0	10 per cent.
61		" bullock and horse-shoe ...	"	50 0 0	10 " "
61		Panel pins, 16 gauge and smaller ...	"	18 0 0	10 " "
61		Nails other kinds, including galvanised, tinned or lead coated and tacks.	"	25 0 0	10 " "
61		Rivets, boilermakers' or structural, if black.	"	12 0 0	10 " "
61		Rivets, other sorts ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Name of Articles.	For	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
		III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
		METALS, IRON AND STEEL.—<i>concl'd.</i>			
		IRON OR STEEL.—<i>contd.</i>			
92		NAILS, RIVETS AND WASHERS, all sorts—<i>concl'd.</i>			
	61	Washers, black, structural ...	cwt.	14 0 0	10 per cent.
	61	" other sorts, including galvanised, nickel plated, tinned or lead coated and dome-shaped, spring or locking washers.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 " "
		PIPES AND TUBES, and fittings therefor, that is to say, bends, boots, elbows, tees, sockets, flanges, plugs, valves, cocks, and the like—			
	146	If rivetted or otherwise built up of plates or sheets.	...	"	25 " "
	61	All other kind ...	...	"	10 " "
		PLATES not under $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick, including sheets $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick or over—			
	61	Boiler fire-box and special qualities, not fabricated.	ton	300 0 0	10 " "
	61	Chequered, not fabricated ...	"	120 0 0	10 " "
	61	Galvanised, plain, not fabricated ...	"	280 0 0	10 " "
	147	Ship, tank, bridge and common, not fabricated.	"	Specific	Rs. 30
	147	Cuttings, all kinds ...	"	"	25
	147	All kinds, fabricated ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	25 per cent.
		SHRETS under $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick, not fabricated—			
	148	Black, whether corrugated or flat ...	ton	Specific	Rs. 30
	148	Galvanised, whether corrugated or flat ...	"	"	45
	148	Cuttings of the above kinds of sheets	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
	61	If annealed which have been either cold-rolled, smoothed (including planished), pickled or cleaned by acid or other material or process.	ton	200 0 0	10 " "
	61	Other sorts, including cuttings not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 " "
	148	SHEETS under $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick, fabricated—			
		All sorts ...	...	"	15 " "
		WIRE—			
	61	Barbed and stranded fencing ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 " "
	97	Netting ...	...	"	15 " "
	149	All other kinds ...	ton	Specific	Rs. 60
	61	WIRE rope ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 per cent.
	61	IRON OR STEEL, designed for the reinforcing of concrete, not otherwise specified (see Nos. 90 and 91).	...	"	10 " "
	97	IRON OR STEEL, all other kinds not otherwise specified.	...	"	15 " "
93	97	IRON AND STEEL CANS OR DRUMS—			
		When imported containing kerosene and motor spirit which are separately assessed to duty under Nos. 34 and 34-A, namely:—			
		Cans, tinned, of four gallons capacity	can	0 8 0	15 " "
		Cans or drums, not tinned, of two gallons capacity—			
		(a) with faucet caps ...	can or drum	1 8 0	15 " "
		(b) ordinary ...	"	0 6 0	15 " "
		Drums of four gallons capacity—			
		(a) with faucet caps ...	drum	2 3 0	15 " "
		(b) ordinary ...	"	1 8 0	15 " "
		Iron or steel cans or drums, other sorts ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
		III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
		METALS, OTHER THAN IRON AND STEEL.			
94	19	CURRENT NICKEL, BRONZE, AND COPPER coin of the Government of India.	...	...	Free.
95	20	GOLD AND SILVER BULLION and coin ...	...	...	Free.
96	132	GOLD PLATE, GOLD THREAD and WIRE, and GOLD MANUFACTURES, all sorts.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	30 per cent.
97	133	SILVER PLATE, SILVER THREAD and WIRE, and SILVER MANUFACTURES, all sorts	...	"	30 " "
98	98	ALL SORTS OF METAL OTHER THAN IRON AND STEEL, and manufactures thereof, not otherwise specified—			
		Aluminium circles ...	lb.	0 15 0	15 " "
		" sheets, plain ...	"	0 14 0	15 " "
		Brass, patent or yellow metal, sheets and sheathing, weighing 1 lb. or above per square foot, and braziers, and plates.	cwt.	50 0 0	15 " "
		Brass, patent or yellow metal (including gun metal) ingots.	"	32 0 0	15 " "
		Brass patent or yellow metal, old ...	"	27 0 0	15 " "
		" sheets, flats or in rolls, and sheathing, weighing less than 1 lb. per square foot.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		Brass wire ...	...	"	15 " "
		" all other sorts ...	...	"	15 " "
		Copper, bolt and bar, rolled ...	...	"	15 " "
		" braziers, sheets, plates and sheathing.	cwt.	55 0 0	15 " "
		" sheets, planished ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		" nails, and composition nails ...	...	"	15 " "
		" old ...	cwt.	36 0 0	15 " "
		" pigs, tiles, ingots, cakes, bricks, and slabs	"	10 0 0	15 " "
		" China, white, copperware ...	lb.	3 0 0	15 " "
		" foil or dankpana, plain, white, 10 to 11 inch x 4 to 5 inch.	hundred leaves.	2 0 0	15 " "
		" foil or dankpana, plain, coloured, 10 to 11 inch x 4 to 5 inch.	"	2 4 0	15 " "
		" wire, including phosphor-bronze	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		" all other sorts, unmanufactured and manufactured, except current coin of the Government of India, which is free.	...	"	15 " "
		German silver ...	...	"	15 " "
		Lead, pig ...	cwt.	25 0 0	15 " "
		Lead, all sorts (except pig) ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		Quicksilver ...	lb.	2 8 0	15 " "
		Tin, block ...	cwt.	185 0 0	15 " "
		" foil, and other sorts ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		Zinc or spelter, tiles, slabs or plates, hard or soft.	cwt.	25 0 0	15 " "
		" " all other sorts, including boiler tiles and sheets.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		All other sorts of metals and manufactures thereof.	...	"	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
		III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
		PAPER, PASTEBOARD AND STATIONERY.			
99	99 155 156	PAPER AND ARTICLES MADE OF PAPER AND PAPIER MACHÉ, PASTEBOARD, MILLBOARD, AND CARDBOARD, all sorts, and STATIONERY, including drawing and copy books, labels, advertising circulars, sheet or card almanacs and calendars, Christmas, Easter, and other cards, including cards in booklet form, including also wastepaper and old newspapers for packing except old newspapers in bales and bags, but excluding trade catalogues and advertising circulars imported by packet, book, or parcel post (<i>see</i> No. 100) and postage stamps, whether used or unused (<i>see</i> No. 100A) and also excluding the descriptions given below :—	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
		Old newspapers in bales and bags ...	cwt.	5 8 0	15 " "
		Printing paper, white or coloured—			
		All sorts containing less than 65 per cent. of mechanical wood pulp, but excluding chrome, marble, flint, poster and stereo.	lb.	Specific	1 anna.
		Newsprinting paper, containing not less than 65 per cent. of mechanical wood pulp, glazed or unglazed—			
		White or grey ...	"	0 2 3	15 per cent.
		Coloured ...	"	0 2 6	15 " "
		Other sorts, including chrome, marble, flint, poster and stereo.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		Packing and wrapping paper—			
		Nature brown, and machine-glazed pressings and machine-glazed wrappings.	lb.	0 2 6	15 " "
		Manilla, machine-glazed or unglazed, and sulphite envelope.	"	0 2 9	15 " "
		Kraft and imitation kraft ...	"	0 3 0	15 " "
		Other sorts including tissues ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		Writing paper, all sorts, including ruled or printed forms and account and manuscript books and the binding thereof.	lb.	Specific	1 anna.
100	21	Straw boards ...	cwt.	7 8 0	15 " "
100		TRADE CATALOGUES AND ADVERTISING CIRCULARS imported by packet, book, or parcel post.	...	...	Free.
100	21A	POSTAGE STAMPS, whether used or unused	...	...	Free.
		RAILWAY PLANT AND ROLLING STOCK.			
101	63	RAILWAY MATERIALS FOR PERMANENT WAY AND ROLLING STOCK, NAMELY :— Sleepers and fastenings therefor ; bearing-plates, fish-bolts and nuts, chairs, interlocking apparatus, brake-gear, shunting skids, couplings and springs, signals, turn-tables, weigh-bridges, carriages, wagons, traversers, rail removers, scooters, trolleys, trucks, and component parts thereof ; switches, crossings, and the like material made of alloy steel ; also cranes and water tanks, when imported by, or under the orders of, a railway company :	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 per cent.

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
		III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
		RAILWAY PLANT AND ROLLING STOCK—<i>contd.</i>			
		Provided that for the purpose of this entry "railway" means a line of railway subject to the provisions of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, and includes a railway constructed in a State in India and also such tramways as the Governor-General in Council may by notification in the <i>Gazette of India</i> , specifically include therein :			
		Provided also that nothing shall be deemed to be dutiable hereunder which is dutiable under No. 87 or No. 88.			
102	63A	COMPONENT PARTS OF RAILWAY MATERIALS, as defined in No. 101, namely, such parts only as are essential for the working of railways and have been given for that purpose some special shape or quality which would not be essential for their use for any other purpose :	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	10 per cent.
		Provided that articles which do not satisfy this condition shall also be deemed to be component parts of the railway material to which they belong, if they are essential to its operation and are imported with it in such quantities as may appear to the Collector of Customs to be reasonable.			
		YARNS AND TEXTILE FABRICS.			
103	45	COTTON PIECE-GOODS ...	...	"	11 " "
104	44	COTTON TWIST AND YARN, and COTTON SEWING OR DARNING THREAD.	...	"	5 " "
105	22	SECOND HAND OR USED GUNNY BAGS OR CLOTH made of jute.	...	...	Free.
106	100	YARNS AND TEXTILE FABRICS, that is to say—			
		Cotton thread other than sewing or darning thread, and all other manufactured cotton goods not otherwise specified.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
		Flax, twist and yarn, and manufactures of flax.	...	"	15 " "
		Haberdashery and millinery, excluding articles made of silk.	...	"	15 " "
		Hemp manufactures ...	...	"	15 " "
		Hosiery, excluding articles made of silk	...	"	15 " "
		Jute, twist and yarn, and jute manufactures, excluding second-hand or used gunny bags or cloth (see No. 105).	...	"	15 " "
		Silk yarn, noils and warps, and silk thread.	...	"	15 " "
		Woollen yarn, knitting wool, and other manufactures of wool, including felt.	...	"	15 " "
		All other sorts of yarns and textile fabrics, not otherwise specified.	...	"	15 " "
106 A	100A	SILK GOODS used or required for medical purposes, namely, silk ligatures ; elastic silk hosiery, elbow pieces, thigh pieces, knee caps, leggings, socks, anklets, stockings, suspensory bandages, silk abdominal belts, silkweb catheter tubes, and oiled silk.	...	"	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
		III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
		YARNS AND TEXTILE FABRICS—<i>concl'd.</i>			
		Silk piece-goods (white or coloured, plain or figured and widths) from Japan and China (including Hongkong)— <i>concl'd.</i>			
		China— <i>concl'd.</i>			
		Corded, all kinds, excepting white cords.	lb.	5 0 0	
		White cords, all kinds ...	"	10 8 0	
		Crepe, gauze, and paj, all kinds ...	"	21 0 0	
		Satins and faucies, all kinds, including loongies and stripes, Taffetas and Pagris, all kinds.	"	21 8 0	
		Fugi and Boseki, all kinds ...	"	10 0 0	
		Cantons, all kinds ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	
		Silk piece-goods, apparel and other manufactures of silk not otherwise specified.	...	"	
		MISCELLANEOUS.			
108	53	AEROPLANES, aeroplane parts, aeroplane engines, aeroplane engine parts and rubber tyres and tubes used exclusively for aeroplanes.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
109	23	ART, the followings works of:—(1) statuary and pictures intended to be put up for the public benefit in a public place, and (2) memorials of a public character intended to be put up in a public place, including the materials used or to be used in their construction, whether worked or not.	...	...	Free.
110	101	ART, works of, excluding those specified in No. 109.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
111	120	Bangles— Celluloid, plain, flat, with and without border.	dozen pairs	1 14 0	15 " "
		" (rubber) rings excluding coils ...	"	0 6 0	15 " "
		" other sorts ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
112	24	BOOKS, printed, including covers for printed books, maps, charts and plans, proofs, music and manuscripts.	...	...	Free.
113	102	BRUSHES AND BROOMS ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
114	103	BUILDING AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS, including asphalt, bricks, cement other than Portland cement, chalk and lime, clay other than China clay (see No. 116), pipes of earthenware, tiles, firebricks not being component parts of any article included in No. 87 or No. 101, and all other sorts of building and engineering materials not otherwise specified including bitumen and other insulating materials.	...	"	15 " "
		Portland cement ...	cwt.	2 12 0	15 " "
115	104	CANDLES ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
116	123	China clay ...	ton	85 0 0	15 " "
117	105	CINEMATOGRAPH FILMS— Exposed standard positive films, new or used.	foot	0 4 0	15 " "
		Other films ...	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*contd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Duty.
		III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>contd.</i>		Ra. A. P.	
		MISCELLANEOUS—<i>contd.</i>			
118	106	CORDAGE AND ROPE AND TWINE OF VEGETABLE FIBRE excluding coir yarn.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
		Coir yarn	cwt.	12 8 0	15 " "
118 A	106	FIREWORKS specially prepared as danger or distress lights for the use of ships.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
119	135	FIREWORKS not otherwise specified (<i>see</i> No 118A).	...	"	30 " "
120	107	FURNITURE, TACKLE AND APPAREL, not otherwise described, for steam, sailing, rowing and other vessels.	...	"	15 " "
121	136	IVORY, manufactured ... ..	...	"	30 " "
122	137	JEWELLERY AND JEWELS ... ..	...	"	30 " "
123	46	MATCHES—			
		(1) In boxes containing on the average not more than 100 matches.	gross of boxes.	...	Ra. A. P. 1 8 0
		(2) In boxes containing on the average more than 100 matches.	for every 25 matches or fraction thereof in each box, per gross of boxes.	...	0 6 0
123 A	46A	Undipped SPLINTS such as are ordinarily used for match making.	lb.	...	0 4 6
123 B	46B	VENEERS such as are ordinarily used for making match boxes, including boxes and parts of boxes made of such veneers.	"	...	0 6 0
124	108	MATS AND MATTING ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
125	109	OILCAKES ... ..	...	"	15 " "
126	110	OILCLOTH AND FLOOR CLOTH ... ..	...	"	15 " "
127	111	PACKING—ENGINE AND BOILER—all sorts, excluding packing forming a component part of any article included in Nos. 87, 88 and 101.	...	"	15 " "
128	112	PERFUMERY, not otherwise specified—			
		Gowls, husked and unhusked	cwt	50 0 0	15 " "
		Kapurkachri (zedoary)	"	25 0 0	15 " "
		Patch leaves (patchouli)	"	25 0 0	15 " "
		Rose flowers, dried	"	15 0 0	15 " "
		All other sorts ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
129	113	PITCH, TAR AND DAMMER—			
		Coal pitch	cwt.	5 0 0	15 " "
		Coal tar ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
		Stockholm pitch	cwt.	18 0 0	15 " "
		Stockholm tar	"	16 0 0	15 " "
		Dammer Batu	"	7 8 0	15 " "
		Other sorts ... ..	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 " "
130	139	PNEUMATIC RUBBER TYRES AND TUBES for motor cars, motor lorries, motor cycles, and motor scooters.	...	"	30 " "
131	114	POLISHES AND COMPOSITIONS ... ..	...	"	15 " "

SCHEDULE II.—IMPORT TARIFF—*concl'd.*

Serial No.	No. in the Statutory Schedule.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
				Rs. A. P.	
III.—Articles wholly or mainly manufactured—<i>concl'd.</i>					
MISCELLANEOUS—<i>concl'd.</i>					
132	54	PAINTING AND LITHOGRAPHING MATERIAL, namely, presses, type, ink, aluminium lithographic plates, brass rules, composing sticks, chases, imposing tables, and lithographic stones, stereo blocks, wood blocks, half-tone blocks, electrotypes blocks, roller moulds, roller frames and stocks, roller composition, standing screw and hot presses, perforating machines, gold blocking presses, galley presses, proof presses, arming presses, copper plate printing presses, rolling presses, ruling machines, ruling pen making machines, lead and rule cutters, type casting machines, type setting and casting machines, rule bending machines, rule mitreing machines, bronzing machines, leads, wooden and metal quoins, shooting sticks and galleys, stereotyping apparatus, metal furniture, paper folding machines, and paging machines, but excluding paper (see No. 99)	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	2½ per cent.
133	138	PRINTS, ENGRAVINGS AND PICTURES, including photographs and picture postcards.	...	"	30 " "
134	55	RACKS for the withering of tea leaf	...	"	2½ " "
135	115	RUBBER tyres and other manufactures of rubber, not otherwise specified (see Nos. 108 and 150).	...	"	15 " "
136	64	SHIPS AND OTHER VESSELS for inland and harbour navigation, including steamers, launches, boats and barges, imported entire or in sections: Provided that articles of machinery as defined in No. 87 or No. 88 shall, when separately imported, not be deemed to be included hereunder.	...	"	10 " "
137	140	SMOKERS' REQUISITES, excluding tobacco (Nos. 26 to 28) and matches (No. 123).	...	"	30 " "
138	116	SOAP	...	"	15 " "
139	117	STARCH AND FARINA	...	"	15 " "
140	118	STONE AND MARBLE, and articles made of stone and marble	...	"	15 " "
141	119	TOILET REQUISITES, not otherwise specified	...	"	15 " "
142	141	TOYS, games, playing cards and requisites for games and sports, excluding bird-shot. Bird-shot	...	"	30 " "
143	120	ALL OTHER ARTICLES wholly or mainly manufactured, not otherwise specified.	cwt. ...	85 0 0 <i>Ad valorem</i>	30 " " 15 " "
IV.—Miscellaneous and unclassified.					
144	25	ANIMALS, living, all sorts	...	...	Free.
145	121	CORAL	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
146	57	FODDER, BRAN AND POLLARDS	...	"	2½ " "
147	26	SPECIMENS illustrative of natural science, and medals and antique coins.	...	...	Free.
148	122	UMBRELLAS, including parasols and sunshades, and fittings therefor.	...	<i>Ad valorem</i>	15 per cent.
149	123	ALL OTHER ARTICLES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, including articles imported by post.*	...	"	15 " "

* Under Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenue) notification No. 109-I-Ord.—25, dated the 17th March 1925, insignia and badges of official British and Foreign Orders are exempt from payment of import duty.



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THURSDAY, JANUARY 21, 1926.

PART IA.

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LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 24th December 1925.

No. F.-5-XXXVIII-25-A.-III.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 26 of the Legislative Assembly Electoral Rules, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Khan Bahadur Afzalur Rahman, being an official, to be a member of the said Legislative Assembly.

L. GRAHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 28th December 1925.

No. F.-500-25.—The following amendments to the revised rules fixing the salaries, allowances, furloughs, retiring pensions and (where necessary) expenses for equipment and voyage of the Chief Justice and other Judges of the Indian High Courts which were published with the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department No. F.-70, dated the 29th December 1922, and subsequently amended, were made by the Secretary of State in Council on the 1st December 1925, and are published for general information:—

(i) Rule 1 of the said rules shall be renumbered as sub-rule (2) of rule 1, and before the said rule as so renumbered the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"I.—(1) These rules may be called the High Court Judges (India) Rules, 1922."

(ii) At the end of sub-rule (2) of rule 1 as renumbered the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"Passage" means accommodation for a journey by sea, land, or air, or partly by one of these elements and partly by one or both of the others, between a port in India (including Colombo) and a port outside Asia, provided that the cost payable under these rules for such accommodation shall not exceed the listed price as published by the Company from time to time of one first-class fare at "B" rate by the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company between Bombay and London, by the all-sea route.

(iii) The notes to rules 24 and 25A shall be cancelled, and after rule 25A the following rule shall be inserted, namely :—

“25B. Pensions paid in India shall be issued in rupees and converted at the rate of exchange current on the date on which payment falls due :

Provided that pensioners of the following classes may, at their option, convert their pensions into rupees at the rate of ls. 4d. to the rupee, so long as they continue to reside in India :—

- (1) Pensioners resident in India who were on 1st February 1921 in receipt of pensions converted at that rate ;
- (2) Pensioners of Indian domicile who were on 1st February 1921 temporarily drawing their pensions in sterling ;
- (3) Pensioners who were in Government service on 1st February 1921, and who at that date were of Indian domicile.”

(iv) After Rule 40 of the said Rules the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

SECTION VI.

Passages during term of office.

41. With effect from 1st April 1924, Rule 12 of the Superior Civil Services (Revision of Pay and Pension) Rules, 1924, shall be applicable to Judges who are members of the Indian Civil Service.

42.—(1) A Judge who is not a member of the Indian Civil Service, but whose domicile at the time of his appointment was elsewhere than in Asia, shall be entitled, with effect from 1st April 1924, to receive at the cost of a local Government the number of passages shown in the following table :—

Judge's age at the date of appointment, or, in the case of appointment before 1st April 1924, at that date.				Number of return passages.	
Under 38 years	3
38 years or over, but under 45 years	2
45 years or over	1

(2) A Judge to whom sub-rule (1) applies is further entitled, if married at the date of his appointment or, in the case of Judges appointed before 1st April 1924, if married before that date, to the same number of return passages for his wife to which he himself is entitled, and in any other case to that number of return passages to which he would himself be entitled under the foregoing table if the year of age shown therein represented the Judge's age at the date of his marriage.

(3) A Judge to whom sub-rule (2) applies is further entitled during his service as a Judge to one single passage for each legitimate child (including step-children residing with and wholly dependent upon the Judge) who, if a female, is unmarried and under the age of 21, or, if a male, is under the age of 12.

(4) Any passage or passages to which a Judge may be entitled, in accordance with this Rule, immediately before the date on which his resignation of his appointment as a Judge takes effect, may be granted to him at any time within six months after that date, provided that the Secretary of State in Council may, if he think fit to do so, extend the aforesaid period of six months in the case of any Judge.

(5) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Rule no passage shall be granted under its provisions to a Judge, either for himself or for his wife, before the expiration of five years from the date of the Judge's appointment to a High Court, and a second passage shall not be granted before the expiration of 10 years from that date.

J. CRERAR,

Secretary to the Government of India.

The 7th January 1926.

No. F.-11/26.—The Hon'ble Sir Lancelot Sanderson, K.T., K.C., Barrister-at-Law, Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted leave from the 8th January or the subsequent date on which he avails himself of it up to the 26th August 1926 or until further orders.

H. TONKINSON,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1926.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 7th January 1926.

No. F.-4-V-25-C.-XVI.—In accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (9) of rule 14 of the Council of State Electoral Rules, the names of the following candidates, who have been declared to be elected as members of the said Council by the constituencies mentioned opposite their names, are hereby published :—

Name	Constituency.
1. Mr. Mahmood Suhrawardy	... West Bengal (Muhammadian).
2. Babu Lokenath Mukharji	... West Bengal (Non-Muhammadian).
3. Rai Nalininath Sett Bahadur	... Ditto.

The 12th January 1926.

No. F.-4 V./25-C.-XVII.—In accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (9) of rule 14 of the Council of State Electoral Rules, the name of the following candidate who has been declared to be elected as a member of the said Council by the constituency mentioned opposite his name, is hereby published :—

Name.	Constituency.
Maulvi Abdul Karim	... East Bengal (Muhammadian).

No. F.-4 V./25-C.-XVIII.—In accordance with the provisions of rule 28 of the Council of State Electoral Rules, the names of the following candidates, who have been declared to be elected as members of the said Council by the constituencies mentioned opposite their respective names, are hereby published :—

Serial No.	Constituency.	Name.
12	East Bengal (Non-Muhammadian)...	Raja Pramada Nath Roy of Dighapatia.
13	West Bengal (Non-Muhammadian)	Babu Lokenath Mukharji.
14	Ditto	Rai Nalininath Sett Bahadur.
15	East Bengal (Muhammadian)	Maulvi Abdul Karim.
16	West Bengal (Muhammadian)	Mr. Mahmood Suhrawardy.
17	Bengal Chamber of Commerce	Mr. John William Anderson Bell.

L. GRAHAM,
Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 9th January 1926.

No. F.-11-1/26.—The Hon'ble Sir Lancelot Sanderson, Kt., K.C., Barrister-at-Law Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, having been granted leave from the 8th January or the subsequent date on which he avails himself of it, the Governor General in Council is pleased, under the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 105 of the Government of India Act, to appoint the Hon'ble Mr. Justice N. R. Chatarji, Kt., one of the Judges of the High Court, to perform the duties of Chief Justice during the absence of the Hon'ble Sir Lancelot Sanderson on leave or until further orders.

No. F.-11-II/26.—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice N. R. Chatarji, Kt., having been appointed to perform the duties of the Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal during the absence of the Hon'ble Sir Lancelot Sanderson, Kt., K.C., Barrister-at-Law, on leave, the Governor General in Council is pleased, under provisions of sub-section (2) of section 105 of the Government of India Act, to appoint Mr. J. F. Graham, I.C.S., to act as a Judge of the High Court, with effect from the date on which he takes his seat up to the date of the return of the Hon'ble Sir Lancelot Sanderson from leave or until further orders.

The 12th January 1926.

No. F.-744/25.—Mr. H. R. Panckridge, Barrister-at-Law, is appointed to be Standing Counsel for the Presidency of Bengal, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of that office.

PUBLIC.

The 6th January 1926.

No. F.-121-7-25.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 45A, read with section 129A of the Government of India Act, the Governor General in Council, with the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council, is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Devolution Rules, namely:—

(a) for item 44 in Part I of Schedule I to the said rules, the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

“44. Immoveable property in the possession of the Governor General in Council”;
and

(b) for clause (f) of item 8 in part II of Schedule I to the said rules, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

“(f) Colonization and disposal (subject to any provisions or restrictions that may be prescribed by the Secretary of State in Council under section 30 of the Act) of Crown lands not in the possession of the Governor General in Council, and alienation of land revenue; and”.

H. TONKINSON,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 6th January 1926.

No. D.-3304-A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Indian Securities Act, 1920 (X of 1920), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Securities Rules, 1920, namely:—

In clause (b) of the proviso to rule 33 of the said rules, after the words “his Deputy or Assistant” where they occur for the second time the words “or an Assistant Accounts Officer attached to the Office of the Accountant General, Posts and Telegraphs” shall be inserted.

A. C. MCWATTERS,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR.

NOTIFICATION.

STORES.

Delhi, the 7th January 1926.

No. S.-420.—The following rule made by the Secretary of State for India in Council in pursuance of the provisions of Schedule I, Part II, Item 27 and also of Schedule II, item 17 of the Devolution Rules is published for general information :—

“The purchase of imported stores and stationery for Governors' Provinces shall be regulated by rules to be prescribed by local Governments.”

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 9th January 1926.

No. 33G.—With reference to notification No. 146-G., dated the 25th March 1925, Baron Ruedt Von Collenberg-Boedigheim, Consul-General for Germany at Calcutta, resumed charge of his office on the 18th December 1925.

The 13th January 1926.

No. 37G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Senor Don Enrique Molina Y. Enriquez as Consul for Cuba at Calcutta.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATION.

FOREIGN TRADE.

Delhi, the 19th December 1925.

No. 47-T. (57).—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Coal Grading Board Act, 1925 (XXXI of 1925), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following rules:—

Short title.

1. These rules may be called the Coal Grading Board Rules.

Definition.

2. In these rules—

“The Board” means the Coal Grading Board.

“The Act” means the Coal Grading Board Act, 1925.

3. Nominations under section 3 of the Act shall in the first instance be made within a fortnight of the final publication of these rules in the *Gazette of India*.

4. When a vacancy occurs in the case of a nominated member of the Board or at any time within two months of the date when such a vacancy will occur in the ordinary course of events, the President of the Board shall by notice in writing call upon the body concerned to nominate, within such time as may be specified in such notice, a person to fill the vacancy.

5. (1) Save as otherwise provided in these rules, a nominated member of the Board shall hold office for two years from the date of his nomination. He shall however be eligible for re-nomination.

Term of office of members of the Board.

(2) A member nominated to fill a casual vacancy, or a member appointed by the Governor General in Council on failure of any of the bodies mentioned in section 3 (1) (b) of the Act to make a nomination, shall hold office so long as the member whose place he fills would have been entitled to hold office if the vacancy had not occurred or the nomination had been made, as the case may be.

6. A member of the Board may resign his office by letter addressed to the President of the Board.

Resignation.

7. (1) Before a member of the Board leaves India—

Absence from India.

- (a) he shall intimate to the President of the Board the date of his departure from and the date of his expected return to India, and
- (b) if he intends to be absent from India for a longer period than two months, he shall tender his resignation.

(2) If any member leaves India without taking either of the courses mentioned in sub-rule (1), he shall be deemed to have resigned with effect from the date of his departure from India.

8. Any member shall be deemed to have vacated his seat on the Board—

Removal from the Board.

- (a) if he becomes bankrupt or insolvent or suspends payment or compounds with his creditors, or
- (b) if he is convicted of any offence which is punishable under the Indian Penal Code and is under the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code non-bailable, or
- (c) if he is absent from meetings of the Board during a period of three consecutive calendar months without special leave of absence from the Board.

9. The Board shall meet at least once every calendar month and shall hold its meetings in Calcutta or at such other place as the President may think fit.

Time and place of meetings.

10. The President of the Board may at any time call a meeting of the Board and shall do so if a requisition for that purpose is presented to him by three members of the Board.

Power to call meetings.

11. Seven clear days at least before any meeting of the Board notice of the time and place of the intended meeting, signed by the President, shall be left at or posted to the usual place of residence of every member of the Board :

Notice of meetings.

Provided that in cases of urgency an emergent meeting may be summoned at any time by the President who shall inform members of the subject matter for discussion and the reasons for which he considers it urgent. No ordinary business shall be introduced or transacted at an emergent meeting.

12. The Chief Mining Engineer to the Railway Board shall preside at every meeting at which he is present, and in his absence, the members present shall elect one of their number to preside over that meeting.

Presiding at meetings.

13. No business shall be transacted at a meeting of the Board unless there are present at least three members.

Quorum

14. The President of the Board shall be the principal executive officer of the Board and, in addition to the powers and duties conferred upon him by these rules, shall—

Powers and duties of the President.

- (a) present all important papers and matters to the Board as early as practicable ;
- (b) issue orders as to the method of carrying out the decisions of the Board ;
- (c) sign or, subject to a resolution by the Board, authorise some other person to sign, cheques issued on behalf of the Board ;
- (d) grant or, subject to a resolution by the Board, authorise some other person to grant, receipts on behalf of the Board for all moneys received under the Act ;
- (e) maintain or cause some other persons to maintain an account of the receipts and expenditure of the Board ;
- (f) draft an annual report on the working of the Board ; and
- (g) present the annual report to the Board for approval and thereafter submit the report as approved to the Government of India.

15. All questions which the Board is required to take into consideration shall be referred to the members of the Board, either at meetings of the Board or by circulation of the papers ;

Disposal of business.

Provided that when a question is referred by circulation of papers any member of the Board may require that the question be referred at a meeting and thereupon such a reference shall be made to a meeting of the Board.

16. (1) The President of the Board shall cause to be prepared and circulated among the members at least three days before a meeting of the Board a list of business to be disposed of at that meeting.

List of business.

(2) No business not on the list shall be considered without the permission of the President.

17. (1) Every question at a meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes of the members present and voting on that question.

Decision by majority.

(2) In the case of an equal division of votes, the President shall have a second or casting vote.

18. The Secretary of the Board shall maintain a record of all business conducted by the Board and in particular shall maintain a specially bound register in which shall be entered full details regarding the grading of collieries and coal in respect of which a certificate is to be issued under section 4 (3) of the Act, and such entries shall be attested by the members of the Board present at the meeting at which the grade of that coal was determined.

Records of business.

19. (1) The Board shall, from time to time, fix the scale of establishment and the salaries and allowances of all officers and servants to be employed by it and require security in such instances and to such amount as it thinks fit.

Board's establishment.

(2) Subject to the scale of establishment fixed under sub-rule (1) the President shall have power to appoint, dismiss, grant leave to, fine, suspend or reduce any person in the service of the Board :

Provided that—

- (a) no person shall be appointed to, or dismissed from, an office the salary of which is one hundred and fifty rupees or upwards without the sanction of the Board at a meeting ;
- (b) an appointment to an office of which the maximum salary exceeds rupees five hundred shall not be made without the previous sanction of the Government of India in the Commerce Department ;
- (c) the grant of leave, pay and allowances to permanent Government servants whose services have been lent or transferred to the Board shall be regulated according to the Fundamental Rules and rules issued by the Governor General in Council thereunder. The pay and allowances of such Government servants shall be defrayed in the first instance by the Governor General in Council who shall be reimbursed by the Board for such payments in such manner and in such instalments as he may direct ;
- (d) the grant of leave, pay and allowances to officers and servants of the Board who are not Government servants, shall be regulated by rules made by the Board ;
- (e) save with the previous sanction of the Government of India in the Commerce Department, no travelling allowances shall be paid to any officer or servant of the Board in excess of the amount which would be admissible to a Government servant of the corresponding grade under the Supplementary Rules made by the Governor General in Council under the Fundamental Rules.

20. Every application for a grade certificate made by a colliery under section 4 (1) of the Act shall state the name of the colliery, and the number and description of the seam or part of the seam for which the certificate is required. The colliery shall also furnish such other information as may be required by the Board.

Application for grade certificate.

21. (1) On receipt of an application under rule 20 and on payment of the fee prescribed under rule 29 (i) the Board shall, whenever necessary, arrange for the inspection, and for analysis at the Alipore Test House, of the coal for which a grading certificate has been applied for.

Procedure on application for grading certificates

(2) The method of taking samples shall be determined from time to time by the Board in such manner as to ensure that a representative sample of the seam or part of the seam for which the grading certificate is required is taken.

(3) In determining the grade of any coal, the Board shall take into consideration the report on the results of sampling, inspection and analysis.

22. Upon any objection being lodged under section 4 (2) of the Act and on payment of the fees prescribed under rule 29 (ii) and (iii) the Board shall arrange to make a fresh inspection at the colliery, to take a fresh sample and have made a fresh analysis of the coal, the grade of which is to be determined.

Procedure in deciding objections.

23. The certificate to be granted under section 4 (3) of the Act shall be prepared from the register prescribed in rule 18 and shall be in the following form :—

Form of grading certificate.

INDIAN COAL GRADING BOARD.

CERTIFICATE OF GRADE OF COAL.

Name of Colliery (in full).....

Name of Owner (in full).....

Seam No. and description.

Seam.....

Seam.....

Grade of Coal.

.....

.....

.....

Secretary, Coal Grading Board.

Countersigned.....

Member, Coal Grading Board.

Date.....

24. Graded coals shall be classified as follows, subject to such adjustments as the Board may from time to time by resolution decide :—

Classification of graded coal.

Low Volatile Coal.

High Volatile Coal.

Jharia (Barrakar Series).
Giridih.
Karanpura.
Bokaro.

Ranigunj Series.
Karanpura.

Selected Grade.

Up to, but not exceeding 13 per cent. ash
and over 7,000 Calories.

Up to, but not exceeding 11 per cent. ash.
Over 6,800 Calories.
Under 6 per cent. moisture.

Grade I.

Up to, but not exceeding 15 per cent. ash
and over 6,500 Calories.

Up to, but not exceeding 13 per cent. ash.
Over 6,300 Calories.
Under 9 per cent. moisture.

Grade II.

Up to, but not exceeding 18 per cent. ash
and over 6,000 Calories.

Up to, but not exceeding 16 per cent. ash
Over 6,000 Calories.
Under 10 per cent. moisture.

Grade III.

Any coals in these coal-fields inferior to the above.

22. The grade list required to be maintained by the Board under section 5 (1) of the Act shall be prepared from the register prescribed in rule 18 and shall be in the following form :—

Maintenance of grading list.

Name of Colliery.	Name of Owner.	Number or name of Seam.	Grade assigned to such coal.	(Any further particulars that the Board may consider necessary.)

26. The Board shall at such periods as they may decide, but at intervals of not more than three months, publish grade lists in the *Gazette of India*. A consolidated list shall also be similarly published each year in the *Gazette* of the 1st week of January. Copies of all such lists shall be forwarded to the bodies by whom members of the Board are nominated and to all Chambers of Commerce in India, Burma, Singapore, Penang, Colombo and Aden.

27. Every application for a certificate of shipment under section 6 (1) of the Act shall state the name of the colliery at which and the quantities in which the coal for export is to be loaded. The Board shall arrange for the coal to be inspected both at the colliery and at the docks where it is to be shipped and, provided that it is satisfied with the quality and condition of the coal and in particular that the coal has been loaded without being mixed—either under ground or on the surface—with any other coals which are either not graded or graded in an inferior class, the Board shall, on completion of the shipment and on payment of the fee prescribed in rule 29 (iv), issue a certificate in duplicate in the following form:—

INDIAN COAL GRADING BOARD.

CERTIFICATE OF SHIPMENT.

Grade of Coal Shipped.

Report on a cargo of ^{Steam} ~~Hubble~~ Coal loaded in SS.....at No.....Berth.
 Kidderpore Docks, Calcutta, by Messrs.....Loading commenced at.....
 hours on the.....and finished at.....hours on the.....
 Cargo carried as per Railway Weighment Figures.....
 Cargo carried as per Surveyor's Figures.....

Composition of cargo.	Total Number of Wagons. Tons.		Percentage from each colliery.
	(Taken from Railway Weighment Returns.)		
(a) Coal direct from wagons as per list attached* :—			
Colliery Seam			
" "			
" "			
" "			
" "			
(b) Coal from ground as per list attached* :—			
Colliery Seam			
" "			
" "			
" "			
" "			

* The list would give the individual wagon numbers loaded at each colliery.

Remarks as to condition of coal when loaded.

- (a) From wagons.
 (b) From ground.

Signed _____

Secretary, Grading Board.

Countersigned _____

Member, Grading Board.

28. Preference in the supply of wagons for forwarding coal for export from a graded colliery shall not be given under section 8 of the Act when the Governor General in Council by notification in the *Gazette of India* declares that such preference cannot be given consistently with the interests of consumers in India.

29. The fees payable to the Board under the Act shall be as follows :—

Table of fees.

- (i) With each application under section 4 (1) of the Act for the determination of the grade of coal of any seam or part of a seam. Rs. 126 per seam.
- (ii) For each inspection of a colliery under section 4 (2) of the Act. Rs. 100 per seam.
- (iii) For each analysis of coal under section 4 (2) of the Act. Rs. 20.
- (iv) For the grant of a certificate of shipment under section 6 of the Act. One anna per ton of coal inspected at the port of shipment calculated on the survey quantities.

30. Each member of the Board shall be paid Rs. 32 for every meeting attended by him, subject to a maximum of Rs. 64 for any one calendar month.

Remuneration of members.

31. When under section 7 of the Act, any member of the Board or any person authorised by the Board enters in or upon any colliery, storage bin, truck, vehicle, vessel or other place where there is coal for the purpose of inspecting, testing and taking samples of such coal, the officers and servants of the colliery so inspected or the officers and servants of any person engaged in or concerned with the export of the coal shall render such reasonable assistance in the work of inspection and taking samples as may be called for.

32. All moneys received on behalf of the Board shall be deposited in the Imperial Bank of India to the credit of the Board, provided that the Board may, from time to time, authorise the retention in the charge of the President or any other person of such sum as it thinks fit as petty cash to meet contingent expenditure.

33. (1) The Board shall maintain accounts of all receipts and expenditure relating to each financial year.

Audit and publication of accounts.

(2) Such accounts shall be audited annually by auditors appointed in this behalf by the Governor General in Council, and such auditors may disallow any item which in their opinion has been spent otherwise than in accordance with the Act or these rules.

(3) If any item is so disallowed, an appeal from the disallowance shall lie to the Governor General in Council whose decision shall be final.

(4) The audited statement of receipts and expenditure together with the annual report referred to in clause (g) of rule 14 shall be submitted to the Governor General in Council not later than July in each year.

(5) The report and an abstract statement of the receipts and expenditure shall be published in the *Gazette of India*.

(6) The accounts of receipts shall be shown under the following heads :—

- (a) Moneys received under section 4 (1) of the Act.
- (b) Moneys received under section 4 (2) of the Act.
- (c) Moneys received under section 6 (1) of the Act.
- (d) Interest received from the investment of such moneys as aforesaid.

The total receipts only shall be shown under each of the above heads, and the opening balance, if any, shall also be stated.

(7) Accounts of expenditure shall be shown under the following heads :—

- (a) Administration of Board.
- (b) Inspection and analysis.
- (c) Miscellaneous.

(8) The closing balance of the year shall be shown at the foot of the account on the expenditure side.

D. T. CHADWICK,

Secretary to the Government of India,

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

*Delhi, the 15th January 1926.**

Part B.**CANTONMENTS—REGULATIONS.**

No. 55.—The following draft of a rule to regulate the payment of travelling allowance to members of Cantonment Boards, which the Governor General proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 280 of the Cantonments Act, 1924 (11 of 1924), is hereby published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby. Any criticism or suggestion with reference to the draft rule which is received by the 15th February 1926, will be considered by the Governor General in Council.

Draft.

1. (1) Travelling allowance may be paid to a member of a Cantonment Board on account of a journey undertaken, whether within or without the cantonment, in pursuance of his duties as such member, or as a member of a Committee of the Board,—Provided that the undertaking of the journey has been sanctioned by resolution of the Board, and that in the case of a journey the travelling allowance in respect of which exceeds fifty rupees the resolution has been confirmed by the Officer Commanding-in-Chief the Command.

(2) The travelling allowance paid under sub-rule (1) shall not exceed the actual expenditure incurred on the journey or the amount of the travelling allowance which would be admissible in respect of the same journey to a first grade Government servant under the rules for the time being in force in the province in which the cantonment is situate, whichever is less.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATION.****JUDICIAL.**

Delhi, the 21st January 1926.

No. F-11-26.—Mr. J. F. Graham, I.C.S., took his seat as an acting Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on the forenoon of the 12th January 1926.

H. TONKINSON,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Delhi, the 19th January 1926.

No. 45-G.—With reference to notification No. 301-G., dated the 10th June 1925, Monsieur C. A. E. Silfwerhjelm, Consul-General for Sweden at Calcutta, resumed charge of his office on the 30th December 1925.

The 20th January 1926.

No. 46-G.—With reference to notification No. 224-G., dated the 13th May 1925, Monsieur L. E. R. Larouze, Consul-General for France at Calcutta, resumed charge of his office on the 1st January 1926.

No. 49-G.—With reference to notification No. 450-G., dated the 2nd September 1925, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Mr. J. F. Barton as Honorary Consul for the Republic of Uruguay at Calcutta, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.



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THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1926.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 21st January 1926.

No. F.-11-26.—Mr. J. F. Graham, I.C.S., took his seat as an acting Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on the forenoon of the 12th January 1926.

The 25th January 1926.

No. F.-66/26.—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice H. Walmsley, Kt., I.C.S., a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted, with effect from the 10th March 1926 or the subsequent date on which he avails himself of it, up to the 26th August 1926, inclusive, leave on full allowances for five months, and leave on half allowances for the remainder of the period.

PUBLIC.

The 21st January 1926.

No. F.-290 25 (24).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 45A and 129A of the Government of India Act, the Governor-General in Council, with the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council, is pleased to make the following amendment in the Devolution Rules, namely :—

In Schedule III to the said Rules clause (5) of paragraph 1 shall be omitted.

H. TONKINSON,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (CENTRAL REVENUES).**NOTIFICATIONS.****STAMPS.**

Delhi, the 11th January 1926.

C. No. 10-Stamps/25.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 20, sub-section (2) of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Central Revenues), C. No. 125-Stamps/25, dated the 18th September 1925, as subsequently amended, namely:—

In the entry in the third column of the table relating to French currency for the figures "0-1-9" the figures "0-1-8" shall be substituted.

The 12th January 1926.

R. Dis. No. 22-Stamps/25.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Central Revenues), C. No. 22-Stamps/25, dated the 28th November 1925, the Governor General in Council is pleased to reduce the duty chargeable on a proxy empowering a person to vote at a meeting of creditors to the rate chargeable on a proxy empowering a person to vote at any one meeting of members of an incorporated company.

A. TOTTENHAM,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Delhi, the 25th January 1926.

No. 52-G.—With reference to notification No. 582-G., dated the 8th December 1925, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Mr. Robert L. Buell as Vice-Consul for the United States of America at Calcutta has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

The 27th January 1926.

No. 57-G.—With reference to notification No. 37G., dated the 13th January 1926, the provincial recognition of the appointment of Senor Don Enrique Molina y Enriquez as Consul for Cuba at Calcutta, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1926

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 27th January 1926.

No. F.-159-25.—With reference to the Home Department notification No. F.-159-25-Ests., dated the 1st June 1925, the following resolution made by the Secretary of State for India in Council amending the rules for appointment to the Indian Civil Service otherwise than by competitive examination, is published for general information :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 97 (6) of the Government of India Act the Secretary of State for India in Council, with the concurrence of a majority of votes at a meeting held this 14th day of July 1925, hereby makes the following amendments in the rules for the appointment to the Indian Civil Service otherwise than by competitive examination of persons domiciled in India, namely :—

In rule 2 the word "January" shall be substituted for the word "August".

For rule 5 the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"(5) A candidate must hold a degree of a University approved by the Governor General in Council or the Senior Diploma of the Mayo College, Ajmere".

2. In exercise of the power conferred by rule 5 of the rules as now amended, the Governor General in Council is pleased to approve the undermentioned Universities :—

Indian Universities—

The Universities of Allahabad, Bombay, Calcutta, Dacca, Delhi, Lucknow, Madras, Nagpur, Patna, the Punjab, and Rangoon.
The Aligarh Muslim University.
The Benares Hindu University.
The Mysore University.
The Osmania University.

English and Welsh Universities—

The Universities of Birmingham, Bristol, Cambridge, Durham, Leeds, Liverpool, London, Manchester, Oxford, Sheffield and Wales.

Scotch Universities—

The Universities of Aberdeen, Edinburgh, Glasgow and St. Andrews.

Irish Universities—

The Universities of Dublin (and Trinity College), The Queen's University of Belfast.

The 28th January 1926.

No. F-18-4-1926.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 16 of the Superior Civil Services (Revision of Pay and Pension) Rules, 1924, the Governor General in Council, with the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council, is pleased to include the post of Deputy Inspector-General of Military Police, Burma, in Schedule III to the Rules.

J. CRERAR,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 21st January 1926.

No. F-158-C. S. R./25.—The following Resolution by the Secretary of State for India in Council is published for general information :—

(Civil Pensions (Commutation) Rules.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 96B of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State in Council, with the concurrence of the majority of votes at a meeting of the Council of India held on the 16th day of September 1925, hereby makes the following rules to regulate the commutation of civil pensions namely :—

- 1.—(a) These rules may be called the Civil Pensions (Commutation) Rules.
- (b) They shall be deemed to have come into force on 1st April 1925.

2. The powers granted by these rules shall be exercised, in relation to Government servants who are under the administrative control of a local Government, by the local Government, and in relation to other Government servants by the Governor-General in Council, and may be delegated by them to the High Commissioner for India, subject to any condition which they may think fit to impose.

3. A Government servant who is a member of one of the Services or holds one of the posts included in the appendix to these rules shall be entitled, subject to the conditions hereinafter specified, to commute for a lump payment any portion, not exceeding one-half, of any pension which has been or may be granted to him under civil rules. But any such commutation shall be subject to the condition that—

- (a) if the pension exceeds £180 when payable in London, or Rs. 2,057 when payable in India, not less than £150 (or Rs. 1,714) of its value shall remain uncommuted; and
- (b) if the pension is less than £180 (or Rs. 2,057), not more than £30 (or Rs. 343) of its value shall be commuted, and not less than £120 (or Rs. 1,371) shall remain uncommuted;

Provided that the sanctioning authority may at its discretion relax or waive this condition in the case of a pension granted under the Premature Retirement Rules.

4. On the application of any Government servant to whom Rule 3 does not apply, the sanctioning authority may, on such conditions as it thinks fit to impose, sanction the commutation for a lump payment of a portion, not exceeding one-half, of any pension which has been or is about to be granted to him under civil rules.

5. Applications shall be addressed—

- (a) in the case of pensioners who draw their pensions from Indian Treasuries, or who, being resident in Colonies having an account current with the Accountant-General, Central Revenues, draw their pensions from the local Treasuries, to the local Government or to the Government of India, as the case may be; and
- (b) in the case of all other pensioners, to the High Commissioner for India, provided that in the case of pensioners residing in a Dominion or Colony, other than those referred to in clause (a) of this rule, the application shall be addressed to the High Commissioner through the official from whom the pension is drawn.

6. No commutation shall be sanctioned until the pensioner has produced a certificate from such medical authority as may be prescribed in this behalf by the sanctioning authority to the effect that his bodily health and prospects of duration of life are such as to justify commutation.

7. The lump sum payable on commutation shall be calculated in accordance with a table or tables of present values which shall be prescribed by the Governor General in Council in the case of pensioners whose applications are addressed to a local Government or to the Government of India, and by the Secretary of State in Council in all other cases. For the purpose of this rule, the age of the pensioner shall be assumed to be such age, not being less than his actual age, as the certifying medical authority may direct.

8. When commutation has been sanctioned the pensioner shall be informed accordingly, and shall have the option of withdrawing his application within one week after being so informed. If he does not withdraw his application within that period, the commutation of pension shall become absolute, and payment of the lump sum shall be made forthwith, payment of the commuted portion of the pension thereupon ceasing.

9. The lump sum, if calculated in accordance with the table of present values prescribed by the Governor General in Council, shall be payable in India; in all other cases it shall be payable at the Home Treasury.

10. If, when the commutation of a portion of a pension has been sanctioned, the pensioner dies on or after the date from which commutation is to take effect, but before receiving the commutation value, this value shall be paid to his heirs.

11. Rules 14 to 23 inclusive of the Premature Retirement Rules are hereby repealed.

APPENDIX.

1. All India Services:—

- (a) Indian Civil Service.
- (b) Indian Police Service.
- (c) Indian Educational Service (Men's Branch).
- (d) Indian Agricultural Service.
- (e) Indian Forest Service.
- (f) Indian Forest Engineering Service.
- (g) Indian Service of Engineers.
- (h) Indian Veterinary Service.

2. Central Services:—

- (1) Indian Audit Accounts.
- (2) Military Accounts.
- (3) Mint and Assay Departments.
- (4) Customs Service.
- (5) Superior Telegraph Engineering and Wireless Branch.
- (6) Geological Survey.
- (7) Meteorological Service.
- (8) Mines Department.
- (9) Indian Railway Service of Engineers.
- (10) Archaeological Department.
- (11) Zoological Survey.
- (12) Class I Survey of India.
- (13) Political Department (other than officers of the Indian Civil Service).
- (14) Indian Ecclesiastical Establishment.
- (15) Miscellaneous posts:—

Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Calcutta.
 Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Bombay.
 Director-General of Commercial, Intelligence.
 Two Deputy Directors of Commercial Intelligence.

3. Officers who, though not members of one of the services mentioned above, hold posts borne on the cadres of any of those services.

4. Opium Department:—

- | | |
|--|---|
| (i) The Managing Director, Opium Factory, Ghazipur | } At present in service,
and not being members of
the Provincial Civil Service. |
| (ii) District Opium Officers | |
| (iii) Assistant Opium Officers | |

5. Commissioner, Deputy Commissioners, and General Managers of the Northern India Salt Revenue Department.

6. Income-Tax Department:—

- (1) Commissioners.
- (2) Assistant Commissioners.

7. Postal Department :—
 - (1) Postmasters-General.
 - (2) Deputy Postmasters-General.
 - (3) Assistant Directors-General.
 - (4) Presidency Postmasters.
8. Telegraph (Traffic) Department :—
 - (1) Deputy Director-General.
 - (2) Assistant Directors-General.
 - (3) First Division of the Superior Telegraph Traffic Branch.
9. Chief Inspector of Explosives.
10. Specialist officers who were before 1st April 1924 admitted to the scale of pay appended to the Government of India's Public Works Department Circular No. 1 P. W., dated 29th March 1921, and granted pensionary privileges.
11. Imperial Dairy Expert.
12. Curator, Industrial Section, Indian Museum.
13. Controller of Printing, Stationery and Stamps.
14. Solicitor to the Government of India.
15. Assistant Solicitor to the Government of India.
16. First Assistant Commissioner, Port Blair, while held by Mr. W. H. Brookes.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.
AUDIT, ETC.

The 21st January 1926.

No. D.-204-A./25.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 96-D of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State in Council has been pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department No. 164-F. E., dated the 27th January 1921, namely :—

- (1) In rule 1 of the said rules—
 - (a) (i) in clause (b) the words "or of an excluded Audit Department" and
 - (ii) Clauses (c) and (g) shall be omitted, clauses (d), (e), (f) and (h) shall be re-lettered (c), (d), (e) and (f) respectively, and
 - (b) for clauses (d) and (e) as so re-lettered the following clauses shall be substituted, namely :—
 - "(d) 'Indian Audit Department' means the officers and establishments subordinate to the Auditor General, which are employed upon the compilation and audit of accounts of Government transactions in India".
 - "(e) 'Principal Auditor' means the head of an office of accounts or of audit, or of both, who is immediately subordinate to the Auditor General".
- (2) In rule 9 of the said rules—
 - (a) for clauses (i) and (ii) the following clauses shall be substituted, namely,—
 - "(i) to inspect, either personally or through any audit officer, any Government office of accounts in India";
 - "(ii) to arrange for test-audit in any Government office of accounts"; and
 - (b) clauses (iv) and (v) shall be omitted.
- (3) In rule 17 of the said Rules for the words "any audit department in India" the words "the audit department" shall be substituted.
- (4) After rule 24 of the said Rules the following rule shall be inserted, namely :—

"24-A. If in any case the Secretary of State in Council has declared that the maintenance of the provincial accounts of a specified province or of the accounts of any department of the Central Government is transferred to an authority other than the Auditor General, the duties and powers of the Auditor General in relation to the accounts of such province or department shall be as follows :—

 - (i) The officers and establishments employed upon such maintenance shall not be subordinate to him.
 - (ii) He shall be responsible for the inclusion of the accounts in the Finance and Revenue Accounts of India.
 - (iii) He shall have power to prescribe the form in which, and the time or times at which, the accounts shall be submitted to him for audit and for inclusion in the Finance and Revenue Accounts of India.
 - (iv) He shall exercise the powers and perform the duties prescribed by rules 20 and 21.
 - (v) He shall not be bound by the provisions of rules 23 and 24".

RESOLUTION.

Delhi, the 22nd January 1926.

No. F.-16-C. S. R./26.—With reference to Article 486 (b), C. S. R., the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that in the case of a Government servant who, while holding a substantive post on a permanent establishment, is appointed to officiate in a permanent post which is substantively vacant or which is temporarily vacant in consequence of the absence of the substantive incumbent on extraordinary leave or on transfer to foreign service, and is allowed to draw enhanced pay or salary under the Civil Service Regulations for officiating in the latter post, the difference between the substantive pay and officiating pay or salary counts as emoluments for pension. This decision takes effect from the 11th September 1920, the date on which the new acting allowance rules promulgated with this department Resolution No. 2097-C. S. R., dated the 27th November 1920, came into force. Pensioners who retired on or after the 11th September 1920 and have reason to think that their pension will be increased as a result of this decision should apply for a recalculation of their pension to the authority which sanctioned it and any increase of pension which may be found admissible as a result of the recalculation will have effect from the date of retirement.

ORDERED that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

A. C. MCWATTERS,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

FOREIGN TRADE.

Delhi, the 20th January 1926.

No. 47-T. (57).—The Coal Grading Board referred to in Section 3 of the Coal Grading Board Act, 1925 (XXXI of 1925), has been duly constituted as follows:—

President.

The Chief Mining Engineer to the Railway Board—*Ex officio*.

Members.

Mr. J. H. Jennaway, M.L.C., of Messrs. Martin and Company, Calcutta. Nominated by the Indian Mining Association.

Mr. S. C. Ghosh of Messrs. The Universal Trading Company, Calcutta. Nominated by the Indian Mining Federation.

Mr. J. H. Fyfe of Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Company, Calcutta. Nominated by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. B. K. Lahiri of Messrs. The Bengal Luxmi Cotton Mills, Limited, Calcutta. Nominated by the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce.

MERCHANT SHIPPING.

The 23rd January 1926.

No. 461-S. (3).—In supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 6803, dated the 30th December 1922, it is notified for general information that the following Deputy Assistant Engineers (Wireless), 2nd class, have been appointed, with effect from the dates shown against their respective names, to be Wireless Telegraphy Inspectors for the purpose of seeing that the requirements of sections 240 to 245 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923 (XXI of 1923), are complied with on board any ship:—

- (1) *At Calcutta*.—Mr. G. A. Pears from the 18th January 1923.
- (2) *At Bombay*.—Mr. S. E. Shaw from the 26th November 1925.
- (3) *At Rangoon*.—Mr. W. McNulty from the 23rd November 1925.

D. T. CHADWICK,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR.**NOTIFICATION.***Delhi, the 21st January 1926.*

No. G. (B)-11.—In pursuance of clause (b) of Regulation 2 of the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1924, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise Messrs. Preece Cardew and Rider, London, as an authority competent to grant a certificate in form II annexed to the said Regulations.

A. H. LEY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.***Delhi, the 3rd February 1926.*

No. 64G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Mr. Robert L. B. Gall, as Honorary Consul for Mexico at Calcutta.

No. 65G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. A. C. Niceforo Godinho as Acting Consul for Portugal at Calcutta, during the absence of Senhor A. A. Teixeira.

DENYS BRAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.*Delhi, the 5th February 1926.***PART B.****PROMOTIONS.****AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.**

No. 124.—The following promotions are made, with effect from the dates specified :—

*IV (Cossipore) Field Brigade, Royal Artillery.**Second-Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.*

Ernest John Urquhart. Dated 26th April 1925.

*Nos. 9 and 10 (Cossipore) Companies, Machine Gun Corps.**Lieutenant to be Captain.*

Henry Idris Mathews, M.C. Dated the 27th November 1925.

Second-Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

Alexander Roger. Dated 26th September 1925.

CANTONMENTS—REGULATIONS.

No. 139.—The following draft of certain amendments to the Cantonment Account Code, 1924, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 280 of the Cantonments Act, 1924 (II of 1924), is published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 6th March 1926. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the aforesaid date will be considered by the Governor-General in Council :—

Draft amendments.

In form No. Cant. 1-B. of the forms included in Schedule II to the said Code—

1. under the head of Receipt " III—Revenue derived from property and powers apart from taxation " for entry (2) under sub-head "(a) Land " the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"(2)—Rent from land the property of Government—

- (i) Premia on leases.
- (ii) Rents from leases.
- (iii) Proceeds from licenses."

2. under the head of expenditure " L.—Miscellaneous " after sub-head (4) the following sub-head shall be inserted, namely :—

" 5—Government share of proceeds from leases of Government lands—

- (i) Premia on leases.
- (ii) Rents from leases."

HONORARY DISTINCTIONS.

No. 140.—The Viceroy and Governor General in Council has much gratification in announcing that His Majesty the King Emperor has been graciously pleased to approve of the devices, as detailed below, being borne as badges by the units of the Indian Territorial Force specified :—

Badges and Devices—Indian Territorial Force Regiment.

Regiment.	On buttons.	On collar of tunic and mess jacket.	On collar of service dress.	On head-dress (helmet, pagri or felt hat).	On cap.
2nd (Calcutta) Battalion, University Training Corps.	In gilding metal, in monogram the letters " U T. C."	In silver as on collar of service dress.	In bronze a five-pointed star, in the centre in monogram the letters " U. T. C." encircled by a band bearing the words " University Training Corps " with the word " Calcutta " on a scroll below.	Nil.	As on collar of service dress.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.



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THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1926.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 30th January 1926.

No. F-5-I./25-A.-11.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 26 of the Legislative Assembly Electoral Rules, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Lieutenant-Colonel H. A. J. Gidney, being a non-official, to be a Member of the said Legislative Assembly, *vice* Mr. L. T. Maguire, resigned.

The 4th February 1926.

No. F-2-11/26-P.—The following Statutes are published for general information :—

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA (CIVIL SERVICES) ACT, 1925.

(15 AND 16 GEO. 5, CH. 83.)

CHAPTER 83.

An Act to amend the provisions of the Government of India Act by exempting proposals for expenditure upon certain salaries, pensions and other payments from submission to Indian legislatures, and to enable rules made under the said Act relating to the Civil Services of the Crown in India to be dispensed with or relaxed in certain cases.

[22nd December 1925.]

Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :—

1. Sections sixty-seven A and seventy-two D of the Government of India Act shall as from and after the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and twenty-four, have effect as though the following amendments were made therein :—

Amendment of ss. 67A and 72D of Government of India Act.

(1) In sub-section (3) of the said section sixty-seven A (which relates to proposals for the appropriation of money which are not to be submitted to the vote of the Legislative

Assembly) there shall be substituted for paragraphs (iii) and (iv) the following paragraphs :—

“(iii) Salaries and pensions payable to or to the dependants of—

- (a) persons appointed by or with the approval of His Majesty or by the Secretary of State in Council ;
- (b) chief commissioners and judicial commissioners ;
- (c) persons appointed before the first day of April, nineteen hundred and twenty-four, by the Governor General in Council or by a local government to services or posts classified by rules under this Act as superior services or posts ; and

“(iv) Sums payable to any person who is or has been in the civil service of the Crown in India under any order of the Secretary of State in Council, of the Governor General in Council, or of a governor, made upon an appeal made to him in pursuance of rules made under this Act.”

(2) In sub-section (3) of the said section 72D (which relates to proposals for the appropriation of money which are not to be submitted to Governor's Legislative Councils) there shall be substituted for paragraphs (iv) and (v) the following paragraphs :

“(iv) Salaries and pensions payable to or to the dependants of—

- (a) persons appointed by or with the approval of His Majesty or by the Secretary of State in Council ;
- (b) judges of the High Court of the province ;
- (c) the Advocate-General ;
- (d) persons appointed before the first day of April, nineteen hundred and twenty-four, by the Governor-General in Council or by a local government to services or posts classified by rules under this Act as superior services and posts ; and

“(v) Sums payable to any person who is or has been in the civil service of the Crown in India under any order of the Secretary of State in Council of the Governor-General in Council, or of a Governor, made upon an appeal made to him in pursuance of rules made under this Act.”

(3) At the end of sub-section (3) of each of the said sections sixty-seven A and seventy-two D the following provision shall be added :—

“For the purposes of this sub-section the expression ‘salaries and pensions’ includes remuneration, allowances, gratuities, any contributions (whether by way of interest or otherwise) out of the revenues of India to any provident fund or family pension fund, and any other payments or emoluments payable to or on account of a person in respect of his office.”

2. At the end of section ninety-six B of the Government of India Act (which relates to the civil services in India) there shall be inserted the following sub-section :—

Amendment of s. 96B of Government of India Act.

“(5) No rules or other provisions made or confirmed under this section shall be construed to limit or abridge the power of the Secretary of State in Council to deal with the case of any person in the civil service of the Crown in India in such manner as may appear to him to be just and equitable, and any rules made by the Secretary of State in Council under sub-section (2) of this section delegating the power of making rules may provide for dispensing with or relaxing the requirements of such rules to such extent and in such manner as may be prescribed :

Provided that where any such rule or provision is applicable to the case of any person, the case shall not be dealt with in any manner less favourable to him than that provided by the rule or provision.”

3. In sub-section (6) of section ninety-seven of the Government of India Act (which relates to the appointment to the Indian Civil Service of persons domiciled in India) the words “in Council” shall be inserted after the words “Secretary of State” where those words first occur.

Amendment of s. 97 of Government of India Act.

Short title, construction and printing.

4.—(1) This Act may be cited as the Government of India (Civil Services) Act, 1925.

(2) Sub-section (2) of section forty-five of the Government of India Act, 1919 (which relates to the effect of amendments to and the printing of the Government of India Act), shall have effect as if it were herein re-enacted and in terms made applicable to the amendments effected by this Act. 9 & 10 Geo. 5, c. 101.

L. GRAHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 1st February 1926.

No. G. (B)-6.—The following draft of a further amendment to the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1924, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (V of 1923), is published, as required by sub-section (1) of section 31 of the said Act, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 6th March 1926. Any objection or suggestion which may be received in respect of the draft before the date specified will be considered by the Governor General in Council :—

Draft Amendment.

Regulation 96 of the said Regulations shall be renumbered 96 (a) and after the regulation so renumbered the following sub-regulations shall be inserted, namely :—

(b) (i) For Messrs. John Fowler and Company's (Leeds) corrugated roof for fireboxes of locomotive boilers made of steel in which the crown of the roof is transversely curved and corrugated in the style of Fox's corrugated furnace and the roof plate, if not solid with the side plates of the firebox, is securely riveted thereto and to the flanges of the tube plate and firehole plate and there is a row of suitably sized and spaced screw stays below the commencement of corrugations on each side attaching the roof plate to the external casing, when the conditions hereunder are complied with the working pressure shall not exceed the smaller of the values obtained from the following formulae :—

$$W. P. = \frac{C (t-3)}{R} \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \text{Eqn. (47A).}$$

$$W. P. = \frac{C_1 (t_1-1)}{W} \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \text{Eqn. (48A).}$$

t is the thickness of roof plate before corrugations are formed, in 32nds of an inch.

t_1 is the thickness of side plates of firebox to which roof plate is attached, in 32nds of an inch.

R is the radius of transverse curvature or camber of middle part of corrugation, measured from the bottom of corrugation on water side, in inches.

W is the width of firebox in inches measured over water sides of side plates at the seams attaching them to roof plate.

$C = 240$.

$C_1 = 875$.

(ii) The corrugations measured from top to bottom on one side, shall not be less than three times the thickness of the finished plate in depth and not more than 12 times the thickness of the finished plate apart.

(iii) The inner radius of corner at sides where corrugations merge into the flat sides shall be not less than 4 times the thickness of the finished plate.

(iv) The length of the plain parts at ends of roof between the centre lines of riveted seams and commencement of curvature of corrugations shall not exceed that allowed for flat plate margins under Regulation 75.

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 14th January 1926.

No. 15-F-1-16.—In pursuance of sub-section (1), section 135 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (No. 1X of 1890), the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the Administration of the East Indian Railway shall be liable to pay in aid of the funds of the local authority set out in the schedule annexed hereto the tax specified in the second column thereof.

Schedule.

Local authority.			Tax.
District. 1 (1)	Police-station. 1 (2)	Name of local authority, i.e., Union Board. 1 (3)	
Birbhum ...	Bolpur ...	Sarpolahona ...	Union rate.

No. 15-F-16.—In the schedule annexed to the notification No. 15-F-16-IV, dated the 11th April 1923, specifying the local authorities to which union rate is payable by the Administration of the East Indian Railway, *delete* the entry "Srinidhipur" appearing against police-station Ahmadpur in district Birbhum.

P. H. MAFLIN,
Secretary, Railway Board.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 10th February 1926.

No. 71G.—In notification No. 530G., dated the 9th November 1925, for "Honorary Vice-Consul" read "Vice-Consul".

DENYS BRAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 11th February 1926.

No. F-11-26.—In the Home Department notification No. F-11-26-Judl., dated the 7th January 1926, regarding the grant of leave to the Hon'ble Sir Lancelot Sanderson, Kt., K.C., Barrister-at-Law, Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for "26th August" read "27th February".

H. TONKINSON,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY FEBRUARY 25, 1926.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 11th February 1926.

No. F.-5/26.—Mr. L. W. H. D. Best, M.C., of the Indian Civil Service, Assistant Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy, is granted leave on average pay for the period from the 15th November to the 25th November 1925, both days inclusive.

J. CRERAR,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The 12th February 1926.

No. F.-40-1/26.—Mr. P. C. Bamford, Deputy Director, Intelligence Bureau, Home Department, is granted leave on average pay for eight months with effect from the 25th February 1926 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

T. SLOAN,
for Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 12th February 1926.

No. 77-G.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Indian Passport Act, 1920 (XXXIV of 1920), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to amend

notification of the Foreign and Political Department, No. 1384-G., dated the 7th September 1921, in the following manner, namely :—

1. The Explanation to rule 3 shall be numbered Explanation I and below it shall be added the following Explanation, namely :—

“Explanation II. A person shall be deemed to enter British India by sea who, having disembarked at a port in India or a port in any foreign possession in India, subsequently enters British India.”

2. For clause (d) in sub-rule (1) of rule 5 the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

“(d) Permanent residents in India or in a foreign possession in India proceeding from a port in such foreign possession, and permanent residents in India or in Ceylon proceeding from a port in Ceylon.”

The 17th February 1926.

No. 78-G.—Subject to the confirmation of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Kenzo Ito as Vice-Consul for Japan at Calcutta.

No. 79-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Kenzo Ito as Acting Consul-General for Japan at Calcutta during the absence of Mr. Yoshio Iwate.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 19th February 1926.

PART B.

RESIGNATIONS.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 187.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to resign their commissions, with effect from the dates specified :—

• • • • •

The Calcutta Presidency Battalion.

Lieutenant William Cook, D.C.M., dated 24th October 1925, and to retain his rank and wear the uniform of his Corps on retirement.

• • • • •

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, MARCH 4, 1926.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENT.

Delhi, the 16th February 1926.

No. F-308-25.—The following resolution passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council is published for general information :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 96B (2) and (3) of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State for India in Council, with the concurrence of the majority of votes at a meeting held this 12th day of January 1926, hereby makes the following amendment to the Premature Retirement Rules, namely :—

In Rule 11, at the end of sub-rule 1 the following shall be added, namely :—

“ Provided that except with the special sanction of the Secretary of State in Council no gratuity shall be payable under this rule to an officer who is permitted to retire or to proceed on leave preparatory to retirement while employed elsewhere than in India and the amount of gratuity (if any) payable to such an officer shall be such as the Secretary of State in Council shall direct ”

And the said Rules shall have effect and be deemed always to have had effect as if they had been enacted as so amended.

The 17th February 1926.

No. F-57-29-25.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-regulation (2) of regulation 6 of the regulations included in Schedule IV to the Superior Civil Services (Revision of Pay and Pension) Rules, 1924, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following additions to the Home Department notification No. F-178-12-IV-24-Est., dated the 17th January 1925, namely :—

In clause (a) after the words “ 1st day of April 1924 ” insert “ other than military officers who entered civil employ on or after the 14th day of February 1925 ”.

After clause (b) (iii) insert the following as clause (c) :—

“(c) A military officer transferred to or from permanent civil employ on or after the 14th day of February 1925, will take with him any balance standing to his credit in his passage account or in that of his family.”

No. F-178-11-ii-24.—The following resolution passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council is published for general information:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 96B (2) of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State, with the concurrence of the majority of votes at a meeting of the Council of India held this 19th day of January 1926, hereby makes the following amendments in the Superior Civil Services (Revision of Pay and Pension) Rules, 1924, namely:—

(1) In Rule 7 of the said Rules, for sub-clause (a) of clause (i) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“(a) The most junior officer who has, prior to the date of these orders, drawn such pay, and all officers senior to that officer”.

(2) In Rule 4 of the said Rules, in note 1, for the expression “clause (b)” shall be substituted the expression “clause (c)”.

And the said Rules shall have effect and be deemed always to have had effect as if they had been enacted as now amended.

J. CRERAR,

Secretary to the Government of India.

JUDICIAL.

The 22nd February 1926.

No. F-117-26.—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice H. G. Pearson, Barrister-at-Law, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted, with effect from the 12th March up to the 26th August 1926, leave on full allowance for two months and nineteen days and leave on half allowance for the remainder of the period.

H. TONKINSON,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (CENTRAL REVENUES).

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS.

Delhi, the 20th February 1926.

No. 2.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel, with effect from the 1st April 1926, the notification in this department, No. 2971, dated the 10th July 1924, exempting certain articles when imported by military units in India from the import duty leviable thereon.

No. 3.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to exempt, with effect from the 1st April 1926, medals and decorations, including medal ribbons, from the import duty leviable thereon under the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), when such medals and decorations are imported direct by and for the use of (a) any unit of His Majesty's regular forces serving in India, or of the Auxiliary Force, India, or (b) any unit of Indian State Forces.

STAMPS.

The 18th February 1926.

No. 1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to remit the duty chargeable under article 17 of Schedule I to the said Act on an instrument cancelling a Will.

A. TOTTENHAM,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 24th February 1926.

No. 84-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the First Schedule to the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 2365-I.B., dated the 14th November 1912, applying certain enactments to the Administered Areas in Central India, namely:—

1. After entry 41 in the said schedule the following entry shall be inserted namely:—

"41 A.	The Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1914 (VIII of 1914).	All Administered Areas in Central India.	<p>(1) Sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 1 and the Schedule shall be omitted.</p> <p>(2) In section 6 after the words "in the prescribed manner" the words "or under the Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1914, as in force in British India or under the law for the time being in force in any State in India" shall be inserted.</p> <p>(3) In section 17 for the words "Presidency Magistrate" the words "District Magistrate" and for the words "Second Class" the words "First Class" shall be substituted.</p> <p>(4) For section 19 the following shall be substituted, namely:—</p> <p>19. The Central India Agency notifications Nos. 1217 and 4246, dated the 1st March 1924 and 18th August 1924, respectively, shall be cancelled ;</p> <p>Provided that any appointment, notification, order, rule, form or license made or issued under either of the said notifications, shall, so far as it is not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, continue in force and be deemed to have issued under the provisions of this Act, unless and until it is superseded by any appointment, notification, order, rule, form or license made or issued under this Act."</p>
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2. Entry No. 41-A, relating to the Cinematograph Act, 1918 (II of 1918), shall be renumbered 41-B.

No. 85-H.—*Erratum.*—The portion of the notification by the Government of India in the Foreign and Political Department, No. 19-H., dated the 1st January 1926, relating to the conferment of the title of Rai Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon Babu Benod Behari Chatterjee, Head Time-Table Clerk, Eastern Bengal Railway, is hereby cancelled and the following is substituted at the end of that notification:—

MEMORANDUM.

It was the intention of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General to confer upon Babu Benod Behari Chatterjee, Head Time-Table Clerk, Eastern Bengal Railway, the title of Rai Sahib, as a personal distinction, had he survived.

J. P. THOMPSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 26th February 1926.

PART B.**PROMOTIONS.****AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.**

No. 212.—The following promotions are made, with effect from the dates specified:—

The Eastern Bengal Company.

Second-Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

Montagu Smith. Dated 14th December 1923.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1926.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 26th February 1926.

No. F.-117-26.—In pursuance of proviso (i) to sub-section (2) of section 101 and section 105, sub-section (2) of the Government of India Act, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Mr. Justice J. F. Graham, I.C.S., at present an acting Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, to be an additional Judge of that Court from the 28th February up to the 11th March 1926, both days inclusive, and to act as a Judge from the 12th March up to the 26th August 1926, during the absence on leave of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice H. Walmsley, Kt., I.C.S., or until further orders.

H. TONKINSON,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 25th February 1926.

No. F.-12-VI-C. S. R.-26.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Regulation 15 in Schedule IV to the Superior Civil Services (Revision of Pay and Pensions) Rules, 1924, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following shall be added as Regulation (9) at the end of Part I of the Supplementary Regulations published in Finance Department notification No. F.-35-C. S. R.-25, dated the 6th February 1925 :—

(9) An officer, who at the time of proceeding on leave declares his intention of retiring from service, is entitled to draw on the Passage Fund for single passages only. If, however, no such declaration is made but the officer draws on the Passage Fund for return passages whether for himself, for his wife or for his children and retires on the termination of leave, he should return the unused half of the return ticket or tickets which have not been utilised, to the Audit Officer concerned in India who will watch for the return of the unused halves of the return tickets, and obtain from the Steamship

Company concerned a refund in respect of the return passage or passages: If however the return halves are actually utilised, the Audit Officer should realise from the officer concerned, the cost thereof. In cases in which an officer who does not return to duty actually uses the return ticket or tickets for the journey back to India the cost of the same will be recovered from him unless the Governor General in Council is satisfied that the officer was prevented, by circumstances beyond his control, from returning to duty.

There may be cases in which the High Commissioner arranges return passages for officers returning to India for a short spell of duty prior to retirement. If in any such case the return half of the ticket or tickets is not utilised, it should be returned to the Audit Officer concerned in India. If the officer does not actually join duty, the entire cost of the return passage, or the cost of the journey to India only, according as the return half of the ticket or tickets is or is not used, will be recovered from him.

When an officer takes return passages for himself and his wife and / or children and returns to duty in India leaving his wife and / or children at home or when an officer while on duty in India sends his wife and or children out of Asia on return tickets of which the second halves are not utilised, he should return the unused half of the return ticket or tickets to the Audit Officer concerned in India. If, however, the second halves of the return tickets are actually utilised, the officer should make a declaration in due course to the Audit Officer that the tickets have actually been utilised.

No refund will be made by a Steamship Company under this rule except to the Audit Officer, who will make the necessary adjustment of the amount between the officer and the Government if the cost of the passage involved or any portion thereof has been borne by the officer.

A. C. MCWATTERS,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 12.—The 26th February 1926.—The following notification issued by the Government of India is republished for information.

A. N. DAS,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

No. E-22, dated the 16th February 1926.

Notification by—The Government of India, Department of Industries and Labour Public Works Branch.

Mr. Tinkari Mitra has been appointed by the Secretary of State for India in Council to the Indian Service of Engineers in Bengal (Roads and Buildings Branch), as an Assistant Executive Engineer, with effect from the 19th December 1925.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, HEALTH AND LANDS.

NOTIFICATION.

HEALTH.

Delhi, the 8th February 1926.

No. 184.—The following draft of certain rules which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 213 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923 (XXI of 1923), is published, as required by sub-section (4) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st day of June 1926. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person in respect to the draft before the said date will be considered by the Governor General in Council:—

Draft Rules.

1. (1) These rules may be called the Boats and Life Saving Appliances (Pilgrim Ships) Rules, 1926.

(2) They apply to Pilgrim Ships and shall come into force on the 1st January 1927 from which date rules 6 to 9 and 16 and 17 of the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 1902 (Sanitary), dated the 14th October 1910, shall cease to have effect.

2. In these rules unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

- Definitions.
- (1) "Approved" means approved by the local Government.
- (2) "Boat-deck" means any deck on which boats are carried and of which the space required for the stowage of boats under rule 19 occupies half or more of the length or breadth of such deck.
- (3) "Daylight" means the period from one hour before sunrise until one hour after sunset.
- (4) "Length" in connection with a ship means the registered length of the ship.

3. (1) Every pilgrim ship shall, subject to the provisions of sub-rule (1) of rule 27 be provided, in accordance with its length, with the number of sets of davits specified in column A of the Table in the Appendix to these rules :

Provided that the local Government may, where it appears to them necessary, having regard to the height at which the boats are carried above the centre of the load line disc, and to the other circumstances of the case, require a ship of this class to carry in lieu of, or in addition to davits, some other approved form of launching appliances, or such arrangements for launching boats as may be, in their opinion, effective.

(2) (a) Pilgrim ships launched before the 1st January 1927, shall carry lifeboats, of which at least one shall be a motor boat, in such number and of such aggregate capacity as shall be sufficient to accommodate fifty per cent. and in the case of those launched on or after the 1st January 1927, seventy-five per cent. of the total number of persons which is carried or which the ship is certified to carry, whichever number is the greater.

(b) Each set of davits shall have a lifeboat of class I attached to it, and of these lifeboats at least the minimum number specified in column B of the Table in the Appendix to these rules shall be open boats. The minimum aggregate cubic capacity of the lifeboats to be attached to the davits shall be in accordance with the scale specified in column C of the table in the said Appendix.

(c) Any additional lifeboats which may be required to make up the total lifeboat accommodation required by clause (a) may be boats of class I or class II.

4. If the lifeboats carried do not provide sufficient accommodation for the total number of persons which is carried, or which the ship is certified to carry, whichever number is the greater, approved buoyant apparatus shall be carried sufficient for those persons for whom accommodation is not provided in lifeboats.

5. Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (a) of sub-rule (2) of rule 3 or in rule 4 the master or owner of a pilgrim ship may carry on any voyage fewer lifeboats and approved buoyant apparatus than will provide sufficient accommodation for all the persons for which the ship is certified, if he declares before the Port Officer at the time of clearance that the lifeboats and approved buoyant apparatus actually carried will be sufficient to accommodate all persons who will be carried at any time during the voyage from and also during the voyage back to British India.

6. If the ship is under 400 feet in length, at least twelve approved lifebuoys shall be carried ; if 400 feet or over, but under 600 feet, at least eighteen approved lifebuoys shall be carried ; if 600 feet or over, but under 800 feet, at least twenty-four approved life-buoys shall be carried ; and if 800 feet or over, at least thirty approved lifebuoys shall be carried.

7. One approved lifejacket shall be carried for each person on board.

8. The local Government shall have power in general or in any particular case, to accept any boat, buoyant apparatus, other life-saving appliance or arrangement, in lieu of a life-saving appliance or arrangement required by these rules, subject to such conditions as they may impose, if they are satisfied that under those conditions it will be as effective as the appliance or arrangement required by these rules :

Provided that in the case of a ship launched on or after 1st January 1927, no life-saving appliance shall be accepted in lieu of a lifeboat required by these rules, except some other approved type of lifeboat.

9. For the purposes of these rules lifeboats are arranged in the following classes :—

CLASS I.

A.—Open lifeboats with internal buoyancy only.

The buoyancy of a wooden boat of this type shall be provided by water-tight air-cases, the total volume of which shall be at least equal to one-tenth of the cubic capacity of the boat.

In the case of a metal boat an addition shall be made to the cubic capacity of the airtight compartments, so as to give it buoyancy equal to that of the wooden boat.

B.—Open lifeboats with internal and external buoyancy.

The internal buoyancy of a wooden boat of this type shall be provided by water-tight air-cases, the total volume of which shall be at least equal to seven and a half per cent. of the cubic capacity of the boat.

If the external buoyancy is of cork, its volume, for a wooden boat, shall not be less than thirty-three thousandths of the cubic capacity of the boat; if of any material other than cork, its volume and distribution shall be such that the buoyancy and stability of the boat are not less than that of a similar boat provided with external buoyancy of cork.

In the case of a metal boat an addition shall be made to the cubic capacity of the airtight compartments, so as to give it buoyancy equal to that of the wooden boat.

C.—Pontoon lifeboats having a well deck and fixed watertight bulwarks.

The area of the well deck of a boat of this type shall be at least thirty per cent. of the total deck area. The height of the well deck above the water line at all points shall be at least equal to one-half per cent. of the length of the boat, this height rising to one and a half per cent. of the length of the boat at the ends of the well.

The freeboard of a boat of this type shall be such as to provide for a reserve buoyancy of at least thirty-five per cent.

CLASS II.**A.—Open lifeboats having the upper part of the side collapsible.**

A boat of this type shall be fitted both with watertight air-cases and with external buoyancy the volume of which for each person which the boat is able to accommodate shall be at least equal to the following amounts :—

	Cubic feet.
Air-cases	1.5
External buoyancy (if of cork) ...	0.2

The minimum freeboard of boats of this type is fixed in relation to their length; it shall be measured vertically to the top of the solid hull at the side amidships from the water-level when the boat is loaded.

The freeboard in fresh water shall not be less than the following amounts :—

Length of the Boat in feet.	Minimum Freeboard in inches.
26	8
28	9
30	10

The freeboard of boats of intermediate lengths shall be found by interpolation.

B.—Pontoon lifeboats having a well deck and collapsible bulwarks.

All the conditions laid down for boats of Class IC shall be applied to boats of this type, which differ from those of Class IC only in regard to the bulwarks.

C.—Pontoon lifeboats having a flush deck and collapsible bulwarks.

The minimum freeboard of boats of this type is independent of their length and depends only upon their depth. The depth of the boat shall be measured vertically from the underside of the garboard strake to the top of the deck at the side amidships and the freeboard shall be measured from the top of the deck at the side amidships to the water-level when the boat is loaded.

The freeboard in fresh water shall not be less than the following amounts which are applicable without correction to boats having a mean sheer equal to three per cent. of their length :—

Depth of Boat in inches.	Minimum Freeboard in inches.
12	2½
18	3½
24	5½
30	6½

For intermediate depths the freeboard shall be obtained by interpolation.

If the sheer is less than the standard sheer defined above, the minimum freeboard shall be obtained by adding to the figures in the table one-seventh of the difference

between the standard sheer and the actual mean sheer measured at the stem and stern post; no deduction shall be made from the freeboard on account of the sheer being greater than the standard sheer or on account of the camber of the deck.

10. (1) A motor boat carried as part of the statutory life-saving appliances of a pilgrim ship shall comply with the following conditions:—

Motor boats.

- (a) It shall comply with the requirements for a lifeboat of Class I, and proper appliances shall be provided for putting it into the water speedily.
- (b) It shall be adequately provided with fuel, and keep so as to be at all times ready for use.

(2) In fixing the volume of the internal buoyancy and, where fitted, the external buoyancy, regard shall be had to the difference between the weight of the motor and its accessories, and the weight of the additional persons which the boat could accommodate if the motor and its accessories were removed.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in this rule, a lifeboat fitted with the Fleming gear shall be accepted in lieu of a motor boat, provided that it otherwise complies with the requirements specified in the said sub-sections.

11. (1) All boats shall be properly constructed, and shall be of such form and proportions that they shall have ample stability in a sea-way, and sufficient freeboard when loaded with their full complement of persons and equipment. They shall be fitted and arranged to the satisfaction of the local Government.

Construction of life boats.

(2) The structural strength of the boats shall be to the satisfaction of the local Government. In the case of ships launched on or after the 1st January 1927, the strength shall be sufficient to permit of the boats being safely lowered into the water with the full complement of persons and equipment on board.

(3) In all open boats, all thwart and side seats shall be fitted as low in the boat as practicable, and shall provide seating accommodation for all persons the boat is deemed fit to carry, and bottom boards shall be fitted so that the thwarts shall not be more than 2 feet 9 inches above them.

Seating accommodation.

(4) Internal buoyancy apparatus shall be constructed of copper or yellow metal of not less than 18 ounces to the superficial foot, or of other durable material, and in open boats of Class I may be placed along the sides or at the ends of the boat, but not in the bottom of the boat. External buoyancy apparatus may be of cork or of any other equally efficient approved material; the use of rushes, cork shavings, loose granulated cork, or any other loose granulated substance, and the use of apparatus dependent upon inflation by air, is prohibited.

Buoyancy.

Sheer.

(5) Open lifeboats of Class I shall have a mean sheer at least equal to four per cent. of their length.

(6) Pontoon lifeboats may be built of wood or metal. If constructed of wood, they shall have the bottom and deck made of two thicknesses with textile material between; if of metal, they shall be

Pontoon lifeboats.

divided into watertight compartments with means of access to each compartment and shall be provided with at least two bilge pumps.

(7) All pontoon lifeboats shall be fitted with efficient means for quickly clearing the deck of water. The orifices for this purpose shall be such that the water cannot enter the boat through them when they are intermittently submerged. The number and size of the orifices shall be determined by the local Government for each type of boat by a special test.

For the purpose of this test:—

(a) The pontoon boat shall be loaded with a weight of iron equal to that of its complement of persons and equipment;

(b) In the case of a boat 28 feet in length, two tons of water shall be cleared from the boat in a time not exceeding the following:—

Class IC	...	...	...	60 seconds.
Class IIB	...	...	...	60 "
Class IIC	...	...	...	20 "

In the case of a boat having a length greater or less than 28 feet the weight of water to be cleared in the same time shall be for each type directly proportional to the length of the boat.

(8) No boat shall be accepted as a lifeboat the buoyancy of which depends upon the previous adjustment of one of the principal parts of the hull.

(9) All boats shall be fitted for the use of a steering oar.

(10) All boats shall be permanently marked to the satisfaction of the local Government in such a way as to indicate plainly their dimensions and the number of persons for which they are approved.

Marking of lifeboats.

Boats that have been properly marked need not be re-measured, unless there is reason to believe that the marks have been tampered with or are otherwise defective or improper.

12. (1) The number of persons which a lifeboat shall be deemed fit to carry shall be equal to the greatest whole number obtained by dividing the capacity of the boat in cubic feet, or the surface of the boat in square feet, as the case may be (calculated as provided by rules 13 and 14), by the standard unit of capacity, or unit of surface, defined below.

(2) The cubic capacity in feet of a boat in which the number of persons is determined by the surface shall be assumed to be ten times the number of persons which the boat is authorised to carry.

(3) The standard units of capacity and surface are as follows :—

Units of capacity.				Cubic feet.
Class IA	...	...	...	10
Class IB	...	...	...	9
Units of surface.				Square feet.
Class IIA	...	...	...	3½
Class IIC	...	...	...
Class IC	...	...	...	3¼
Class IIB	...	...	...

(4) The local Governments may accept a smaller divisor for pontoon boats of Class IC and Class IIB, if they are satisfied after trial that the number of persons for whom there is seating accommodation in the boat in question is greater than the number obtained by applying the above divisor, provided always that the divisor adopted in place of 3½ shall never be less than 3.

(5) The number of persons obtained by the above rules shall be reduced :—

(i) If it is greater than the number of persons for which there is proper seating accommodation, the latter number being determined in such a way that the persons when seated do not interfere in any way with the use of the oars, or

(ii) If, in the case of boats other than open boats of Class I, the freeboard when the boat is fully loaded is less than the freeboard required by these Rules.

(6) If the Government Surveyor is doubtful as to the number of persons any boat is fit to carry he may require the boat to be tested afloat with the intended number of persons on board.

(7) The local Government may limit the number of persons to be allowed in boats with very fine ends and in boats very full in form.

Children.

(8) Two persons of the age of one year or upwards and under the age of twelve years shall be reckoned as one person.

Cubic capacity of Open Boats of Class I.

13. (1) In the case of an open boat of Class I the cubic capacity shall be determined by the following formula :—

$$\text{Capacity} = \frac{l}{12} (4A + 2B + 4C).$$

l denotes the length of the boat in feet from inside of the planking or plating at the bow to the corresponding point at the stern post; in the case of a boat with a square stern the length is measured to the inside of the transom.

A, B, C denote respectively the areas of the cross-sections at the quarter length forward, amidships, and the quarter length aft, which correspond to the three points obtained by dividing l into four equal parts (the areas corresponding to the two ends of the boat are considered negligible).

The areas A, B, C shall be deemed to be given in square feet by the successive application of the following formula to each of the three cross-sections :—

$$\text{Area} = \frac{h}{12} (a + 4b + 2c + 4d + e).$$

h denotes the depth measured in feet inside the planking or plating from the keel to the level of the gunwale, or, in certain cases to a lower level, as determined hereafter.

a, b, c, d, e denote the horizontal breadths of the boat measured in feet to the inside of the planking at the upper and lower points of the depth and at the three points obtained by dividing h into four equal parts (a and e being the breadths at the extreme points, and b at the middle point, of h).

(2) If the sheer of the gunwale, measured at the two points situated at a quarter of the length of the boat from the ends, exceed 1 per cent. of the length of the boat, the depth employed in calculating the area of the cross-section A or C shall be deemed to be the depth amidships plus 1 per cent. of the length of the boat.

(3) If the depth of the boat amidships exceeds 45 per cent. of the breadth, the depth employed in calculating the area of the midship cross-section *B* shall be deemed to be equal to 45 per cent. of the breadth, and the depth employed in calculating the areas of the quarter length sections *A* and *C* shall be obtained by increasing this last figure by an amount equal to 1 per cent. of the length of the boat, provided that in no case shall the depths employed in the calculation exceed the actual depths at these points.

(4) If the depth of the boat is greater than 4 feet the number of persons given by the application of these Rules shall be reduced in proportion to the ratio of 4 feet to the actual depth, until the boat has been tested afloat with that number of persons on board, all wearing lifejackets, and the test has proved satisfactory.

(5) The cubic capacity of a boat may be assumed to be the product of the length, the breadth and the depth multiplied by 0.6 in cases where it is clear that this formula does not give a greater capacity than that obtained by the above method. The dimensions shall then be measured in the following manner:—

Length: From the intersection of the outside of the planking with the stem to the corresponding point at the stern post or, in the case of a square sterned boat, to the after side of the transom.

Breadth: From the outside of the planking at the point where the breadth of the boat is greatest.

Depth: Amidships inside the planking from the keel to the level of the gunwale, but the depth used in calculating the cubic capacity may not in any case exceed 45 per cent. of the breadth.

In all cases the shipowner shall have the right to require that the cubic capacity of the boat shall be determined by exact measurement.

(6) If the oars are pulled in rowlocks, the bottom of the rowlocks shall be considered as the gunwale in measuring the depth of the boat.

(7) The cubic capacity of a motor-boat shall be obtained from the gross capacity by deducting a volume equal to that occupied by the wireless telegraphy installation, the searchlight, the motor and its accessories.

14. In the case of Pontoon Boats and of open boats of Class II the surface in square feet shall be determined by the following formula:—

Deck area and capacity of Pontoon Boats and of Open Boats of Class II.

$$\text{Area} = \frac{l}{12} (2a + 1.5b + 4c + 1.5d + 2e).$$

l denotes the length in feet from the intersection of the outside of the planking with the stem to the corresponding point at the stern post.

a, b, c, d, e denote the horizontal breadths in feet outside the planking at the points obtained by dividing *l* into four equal parts and sub-dividing the foremost and aftermost parts into two equal parts (*a* and *e* being the breadths at the extreme subdivisions, *c* at the middle point of the length, and *b* and *d* at the intermediate points).

15. No boat carried in compliance with these rules shall have a capacity of less than 125 cubic feet.

Size of boats.

16. In the tests prescribed by these rules for determining the number of persons which a boat can accommodate each person shall be assumed to be an adult person wearing a lifejacket.

In verifications of freeboard the pontoon boats shall be loaded with a weight of at least 135 lbs. for each adult person that the pontoon boat is authorised to carry.

17. (1) The davits shall be of approved form and shall be suitably placed to the satisfaction of the local Government. They shall be fitted on one or more of the decks in such positions that the boats can be efficiently lowered from them, and shall be so spaced and placed that the boats can be swung out with facility. Davits shall not be fitted in the bows of a ship, but they may be fitted in any other position in the ship, provided that the boats are not brought into dangerous proximity to a propeller at the time of launching.

(2) The davits, falls, blocks, and all other gear required for lowering the boats, shall be of sufficient strength to the satisfaction of the local Government. In the case of ships launched on or after the 1st January 1927, they shall be of such strength that the boats can be lowered safely with the full complement of persons and equipment, the ship being assumed to have a list of 15 degrees.

(3) In the case of ships launched on or after the 1st January 1927, the davits shall be fitted with gear of sufficient power to ensure that the boats can be turned out against the maximum list under which the lowering of the boats is possible, or the davits shall be of the quadrant or other such type as will ensure the above condition being fulfilled.

(4) The boat's falls shall be long enough to lower the boat into the water with safety when the vessel is light. Life-lines shall be fitted to the davit spans, and shall be long enough to reach the water when the vessel is light. Hooks shall not be attached to the lower tackle blocks.

(5) Means shall be provided for speedily, but not necessarily simultaneously or automatically, detaching the boats from the falls; the boats placed under davits shall be attached to the falls and kept ready for service; the points of attachment of the boats to the falls shall be sufficiently away from the ends of the boats to ensure their being easily swung clear of the davits; the boats' chocks shall be of such construction and arrangement as shall be satisfactory to the local Government.

(6) Where more boats than one are served by the same set of davits, arrangements shall be made to prevent the falls fouling when they are recovered and, where more than two boats are served by the same set of davits, there shall be provided an approved appliance for lowering the boats in turn and rapidly.

(7) The local Government may accept in lieu of davits or sets of davits any other appliance, appliances, or arrangements, which appear to them at least as effective as davits for placing the boats in the water.

18. Approved buoyant apparatus, whether buoyant deck seats, buoyant deck chairs or other buoyant apparatus, shall be deemed sufficient, so far as buoyancy is concerned, for a person or number of persons to be ascertained by dividing the number of pounds of iron which it is capable of supporting in fresh water by 32, and if the apparatus depends for its buoyancy on air shall not require to be inflated before use.

Such approved buoyant apparatus shall comply with the following conditions:—

- (1) It shall be of approved material and construction.
- (2) It shall be reversible.
- (3) It shall be of such size, strength and weight that it can be handled without mechanical appliances and, if necessary, can be thrown from the vessel's deck on which it is stowed.
- (4) The air-cases or equivalent buoyancy shall be placed as near as possible to the sides of the apparatus.
- (5) It shall be marked in such a way as plainly to indicate that it is buoyant and the number of persons for which it is approved.

19. (1) All boats attached to davits and all boats stowed under boats attached to davits shall be stowed in such a way that—
Stowage of Boats, Rafts, etc.

- (a) They can be launched in the shortest possible time;
- (b) They will not impede in any way the prompt handling of any other of the lifeboats attached to davits or stowed under boats attached to davits or the buoyant apparatus carried under rule 4 or the marshalling of the persons on board at the launching stations, or their embarkation;
- (c) Even under conditions of list and trim unfavourable from the point of view of the handling of the boats as large a number of persons as possible can be embarked in them;
- (d) Except as hereinafter provided, they shall be so stowed as not to require lifting before being launched.

(2) With regard to the stowage of other additional lifeboats and buoyant apparatus the following provisions shall apply:—

- (a) They shall not impede in any way the prompt handling of the lifeboats attached to davits or the additional boats stowed under boats attached to davits or the buoyant apparatus or the marshalling of the persons on board at the launching stations or their embarkation;
- (b) The lifeboats may be stowed one above the other or they may, subject to such conditions as the local Government may impose, be fitted one within another, but where boats so fitted require lifting before being launched, they shall only be permitted if attached to davits operated by mechanical power appliances;
- (c) The lifeboats may be stowed in rows across a deck, bridge or poop;
- (d) As large a number of the boats as possible shall be capable of being launched on either side of the ship, either by means of approved appliances for transferring them from one side of the deck to the other, or by stowing in rows across the deck, or by some other equally satisfactory means;
- (e) Means shall be provided to the satisfaction of the local Government for lowering the lifeboats into the water in the shortest possible time.

(3) Where a boat is stowed underneath another boat there shall be provided approved removable supports or other approved appliances, so as to secure that the weight of a boat is not unduly supported by the boat underneath it.

(4) Boats may only be stowed on more than one deck on condition that proper measures are taken to prevent the boats from a lower deck being fouled by those from a deck above.

(5) All buoyant apparatus shall be so stowed as to be readily available in case of emergency.

Equipment for boats and buoyant apparatus. 20. (1) Every boat which is carried by any ship shall be equipped as follows :—

- (a) With the full single banked complement of oars and two spare oars, and a steering oar.
- (b) With two plugs for each plug hole, attached with lanyards or chains, and one set and a half of thole pins or crutches, attached to the boat by sound lanyards. Plugs shall not be required where proper automatic valves are fitted.
- (c) With a sea anchor, a bailer, a galvanised iron bucket, a rudder and a tiller, or yoke and yoke lines, a painter of sufficient length, and a boat-hook. The rudder, the bailer, and the bucket shall be attached to the boat by sufficiently long lanyards, and kept ready for use.
- (d) With a vessel capable of holding one quart for each person that the boat is deemed fit to carry. This vessel shall be kept filled with fresh water, and provided with a dipper with lanyard.
- (e) With two hatchets, one to be kept in each end of the boat, and to be attached to the boat by a lanyard.
- (f) With a line securely becketted round the outside of the boat.
- (g) With an efficient lantern trimmed, with oil in its receiver sufficient to burn eight hours ; or with some other lantern or light at least as effective approved by the local Government.

(2) In addition to the equipment prescribed in sub-rule (1), the boats shall be equipped as follows :—

- (a) With a mast or masts, and with at least one good sail and proper gear for each ; but this does not apply to an approved motor boat.
- (b) With an efficient compass.
- (c) With an air-tight case containing two pounds of biscuits for each person for whom the boat is approved.
- (d) With one gallon of vegetable or animal oil, and a vessel of approved pattern for distributing it on the water in rough weather. This vessel shall be capable of being attached to the sea anchor.
- (e) With one dozen self-igniting red lights in a water-tight tin, and a box of suitable matches in a water-tight tin.
- (f) With 1 lb. of condensed milk for each person the boat is certified to carry.

(3) All buoyant apparatus carried by a pilgrim ship shall be equipped as follows :—

- (a) With two paddles and one boathook or two paddles and boathooks combined attached to the buoyant apparatus by lanyards.
- (b) A painter of sufficient length.
- (c) A line securely becketted round the outside of the apparatus.
- (d) A self-igniting light and two signal flares of approved pattern, the self-igniting light to be attached to the buoyant apparatus by lanyards of suitable length ;

Provided that on buoyant apparatus, designed to support less than twenty-five persons the paddles, boathook and flares need not be carried.

(4) All boats and buoyant apparatus shall be fully equipped before the ship leaves harbour and the equipment shall remain in the boat or buoyant apparatus throughout the voyage, while the ship is at sea or shall be stowed in some convenient place where it will be immediately available in case of emergency.

21. In all ships, approved rope ladders shall be carried in proportion to the number

Side Ladders. of davits fitted, namely, not less than one ladder for each two sets of davits, provided that no ship shall be required to carry more than 10 ladders. The ladders shall be of sufficient length to reach the waterline at the vessel's lightest sea-going draught and shall be carried in such a manner as to be always available for use in embarking the persons in the boats or rafts.

22. On all pilgrim ships in which the boat deck is more than 30 feet above the water provision shall be made for the illumination from the ship of the lifeboats when alongside and in process of or immediately after being launched.

Illumination.

23. An approved lifejacket shall mean a jacket of approved material and construction which is capable of floating in fresh water for 24 hours with 15 lbs. of iron suspended from it, or any other approved appliance of equal buoyancy and capable of being fitted on the body. It shall be reversible and suitable both for adults and children. Lifejackets the buoyancy of which depends on air compartments are prohibited.

Lifejackets.

24. (1) (a) An approved lifebuoy shall be of solid cork or other equivalent material. It shall be capable of floating in fresh water for at least 24 hours with 32 lbs. of iron suspended from it.

Lifebuoys.

(b) Lifebuoys filled with rushes, cork shavings, granulated cork or any other loose granulated material, whose buoyancy depends upon air compartments requiring inflation, are prohibited.

(2) All lifebuoys shall be fitted with buckets securely seized, and at least one on each side of the ship shall be fitted with a life-line at least 15 fathoms in length.

25. All lifebuoys and life jackets shall be suitably placed to the satisfaction of the Government Surveyor and so as to be readily accessible to all persons on board; and their position shall be plainly indicated so that it may be known to those for whom they are intended.

Lifebuoys shall always be capable of being rapidly cast loose and shall not be rigidly secured in any way.

Life jackets may be stored either in battens over the passenger decks or in boxes under the charge of serangs as well as in the buoyant seats when these are used. The contents of the boxes shall be clearly painted on them and illustrated notices in the vernacular shall be posted up in different parts of the ship explaining to passengers where to find life jackets and how to use them. In addition, their use shall be demonstrated by the crew both during boat drills and periodically at other times.

26. (1) Any boat which forms part of the equipment of a ship that was launched before the 1st January 1927, and which has been inspected and approved by the local Government before that date may be accepted as equivalent to a lifeboat for a period of two years from that date, so long as it remains in good condition.

(2) Boats which were ordered before the date of the promulgation of these rules in order to complete the equipment of a ship, but which were not delivered in time to be inspected by the local Government before that date, may be accepted as equivalent to lifeboats for a period of two years from that date, so long as they remain in good condition:

Provided that such boats shall not be so accepted unless—

(a) they have been inspected where this has not already been done;

(b) they would have complied with the requirements of the rules in force prior to the promulgation of these rules.

27. (1) If it appears to the Government Surveyor on the application of the owner of any ship, that it is not practicable or reasonable to fit in that ship the number of sets of davits required by these rules, he may direct that one or more sets of davits may be dispensed with in that ship subject to such conditions, if any, as he may require:

Provided that the number of davits fitted shall not be less than the minimum number of open boats of the first class except in the following case:—

When a ship has been granted a passenger certificate previous to the introduction of these rules, the minimum number of sets of davits may, if the ship is between 245 feet and 460 feet in length, be one less, and if the ship is 460 feet or more in length, two less (one on each side of the ship) than the minimum number of open boats specified in column B of the Table in the Appendix to these rules:

Provided further that the owner of the ship in question shall be required to prove, by a test made in the presence of a Government Surveyor, that all the boats can be launched in a time to be fixed by him. The conditions of this test shall be as follows:—

(a) the ship shall be upright and in smooth water;

(b) the time shall be the time required from the beginning of the removal of the boat covers, or any other operation necessary to prepare the boats for lowering, until the last boat or pontoon raft is afloat;

(c) the number of men employed in the whole operation shall not exceed the total number of boat hands that will be carried on the vessel under normal service conditions;

(d) each boat, when being lowered, shall have on board at least two men, and its full equipment as required by these rules.

(2) If it appears to the local Government, on the application of the owner of any ship, that it is not practicable or reasonable in a particular case to require that pontoon lifeboats, made before the date of the promulgation of these rules and carried on ships of which the keel was laid on or before that date, shall have the minimum freeboard specified in these rules or the bottom and deck and made in two thicknesses with textile material between, the local Government may in their discretion dispense with full compliance with the rules in these respects until two years from that date, subject to such conditions, if any, as the local Government may impose.

(3) If a small ship is unable to carry more than one boat, the local Government may in their discretion exempt that ship from carrying more than one, but whenever one boat only is carried there shall be proper provision to enable it to be placed readily in the water on either side of the ship.

(4) If it appears to the Government Surveyor that it is impracticable to carry the number of boats required by these rules, the possible number (in the absence of large structural alterations) shall be found by measurement, after taking into consideration the practicability of launching these boats in rough weather.

28. Boat's crews shall be carried in all ships to which these rules apply on the following scale, namely:—

Manning of lifeboats, etc.

28 feet boats over and under this length	1 officer or petty officer and 4 men.
25 feet boats over and under 28 feet ...	1 officer or petty officer and 3 men.
20 feet boats over and under 25 feet ...	1 officer or petty officer and 2 men.

29. From a date to be notified by the Governor-General in Council each lifeboat shall be in charge of a minimum number of lifeboatmen holding certificates issued under the authority of the local Government concerned. In order to obtain the certificates, the men must prove that they have been trained in all the operations connected with the launching of lifeboats and the use of oars: that they are acquainted with the practical handling of the boats themselves; and further that they are capable of understanding and answering the orders relative to lifeboat service.

30. A man capable of working the motor shall be assigned to each motor-boat. The allocation of certificated lifeboatmen to each boat and raft shall remain within the discretion of the master according to circumstances. The officer or petty officer placed in charge of each boat or set of rafts shall have a list of its crew and shall see that men placed under his orders are acquainted with their several duties and stations. The duty of seeing that the boats, pontoon-rafts and other life-saving appliances are at all times ready for use shall be assigned to one or more officers.

31. The muster list shall assign duties to the different members of the crew in connection with—
Musters and drills.

- (a) the launching of the boats attached to davits;
- (b) the preparation of the other boats;
- (c) the equipment of the boats generally;
- (d) the closing of the bulkhead doors, etc.;
- (e) the mustering of the passengers.

It shall also assign to the members of the Steward's Department their several duties in relation to the passengers at a time of emergency. These duties shall include—

- (a) warning the passengers;
- (b) seeing that they are dressed and have put on their life-jackets in a proper manner;
- (c) assembling the passengers;
- (d) keeping order in the passages and on the stairways and generally controlling the movements of the passengers.

32. The muster-list shall specify definite alarm signals for calling all the crew to their boat and fire stations and shall give full particulars of these signals. Before the vessel sails the master shall draw up and exhibit the muster-list and the proper authority shall be satisfied that the muster-list has been prepared for the ship and posted in several parts of the ship and in particular in the crew's quarters.

33. (1) In all ships to which these rules apply, a boat drill and a water-tight door drill shall be held as soon as possible after leaving the original port of departure and at convenient intervals of not less than a week during the voyage. Such drills shall be recorded in the official log.

(2) The Government Surveyor shall be satisfied, in each case before the ship leaves port, that a return has been devised and communicated to each officer of the ship for securing an efficient working of the boats. In all cases a police system shall be organized to the satisfaction of the Government Surveyor so as to secure obedience to orders and proper control and guidance of all on board in times of emergency.

(3) In carrying out the boat and water-tight door drills the crew will, when practicable, drill in their life-jackets and arrangements shall be made, when possible, for passengers to see the crew putting their life-jackets on. Entries in the official log shall state whether and when this has been done.

34. In all ships which are required under these rules to carry two or more boats, an emergency boat shall be carried slung out and ready for action every night.

35. Special boat decks shall be kept entirely clear of pilgrims, and in the case of bridge-decks and poop-decks, which are utilized for carrying pilgrims as well as boats and rafts, a space sufficient for the working of the boats and rafts shall be railed off.

36. (1) No boats, or buoyant-seats the whole of which cannot be efficiently put into the water in one hour, shall be deemed to form part of the equipment required in these respects for any vessel.

(2) The equipment of boats, and buoyant seats of any vessels shall not be passed by the Government Surveyor as satisfying these rules unless the whole of it can be efficiently placed in the water in one hour.

APPENDIX.

Table showing the minimum number of sets of davits and the minimum number of open boats required to be provided in pilgrim ships and the minimum aggregate cubic capacity of lifeboats to be carried in them.

Registered length of the ship.			*(A) Minimum number of sets of davits.	*(B) Minimum number of open boats, class I.	†(C) Minimum aggregate cubic capacity of life-boats in feet.
Feet.	Feet.				
100 and under	120	...	2	2	400
120	Do. 140	...	2	2	600
140	Do. 160	...	2	2	850
160	Do. 175	...	3	3	1,150
175	Do. 190	...	3	3	1,300
190	Do. 205	...	4	4	1,450
205	Do. 220	...	4	4	1,600
220	Do. 230	...	5	4 }	1,850
230	Do. 245	...	5	4 }	
245	Do. 255	...	6	5 }	2,350
255	Do. 270	...	6	5 }	
270	Do. 285	...	7	5 }	3,000
285	Do. 300	...	7	5 }	
300	Do. 315	...	8	6 }	3,750
315	Do. 330	...	8	6 }	
330	Do. 350	...	9	7 }	4,400
350	Do. 370	...	9	7 }	
370	Do. 390	...	10	7 }	5,100
390	Do. 410	...	10	7 }	
410	Do. 435	...	12	9 }	6,000
435	Do. 460	...	12	9 }	
460	Do. 490	...	14	10	...
490	Do. 520	...	14	10	...
520	Do. 550	...	16	12	...
550	Do. 580	...	16	12	...
580	Do. 610	...	18	13	...
610	Do. 640	...	18	13	...
640	Do. 670	...	20	14	...
670	Do. 700	...	20	14	...
700	Do. 730	...	22	15	...
730	Do. 760	...	22	15	...
760	Do. 790	...	24	17	...
790	Do. 820	...	24	17	...
820	Do. 855	...	26	18	...
855	Do. 890	...	26	18	...
890	Do. 925	...	28	19	...
925	Do. 960	...	28	19	...
960	Do. 995	...	30	20	...
995	Do. 1,030	...	30	20	...

* When the length of the ship exceeds 1,030 feet the Government Surveyor shall prescribe the minimum number of sets of davits and the minimum number of open boats.

† When the length of the ship is under 100 feet or over 460 feet, the Government Surveyor shall prescribe the cubic capacity of the life-boats to be carried.

J. W. BHORE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 2nd March 1926.

NOTIFICATION.

No. F.-26-II-26-A.—In pursuance of the proviso to sub-rule (4) of rule 9 of the Legislative Assembly Electoral Rules, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the preparation, in accordance with the said rules, of a fresh roll for the constituencies of the Legislative Assembly within the Presidency of Bengal.

L. GRAHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATION.****JUDICIAL.***Delhi, the 4th March 1926.*

No. F.-117-26.—The Governor General in Council has accepted the resignation of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice W. G. Gregory, Barrister-at-Law, of his office of Additional Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal with effect from the afternoon of the 11th March 1926, and has, under the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 105 of the Government of India Act, been pleased to appoint him to act as a Judge of that Court from the 12th March up to the 26th August 1926, during the absence, on leave, of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice H. G. Pearson, Barrister-at-Law, or until further orders.

H. TONKINSON,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1926.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (CENTRAL REVENUES).

NOTIFICATION.

CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Delhi, the 27th February 1926.

No. 5.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to exempt tin, block, from so much of the import duty leviable thereon under item 98 of Schedule II, Part V, of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), as is in excess of Rs. 250 a ton.

A. TOTTENHAM,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

TARIFFS.

Delhi, the 27th February 1926.

No. 260-T. (57).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 3 of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), the Governor General in Council is pleased to increase the import duty leviable, under item 154 (a) in Part VII of Schedule II to the said Act, on steel-tinplates and tinned sheets including tin taggers, from Rs. 60 per ton to Rs. 85 per ton.

No. 317-T. (5).—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 8th March 1926, the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 24-T. (7), dated the 13th December 1924, namely:—

After entry 7, in the list of article set forth in the said notification, the following entries shall be inserted, namely:—

“8. Silk mixtures, as defined in item 45-A. in Schedule II to the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894).”

“9. Silk Piecegoods and other manufactures of silk chargeable under item 134 in the said Schedule.”

D. T. CHADWICK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 2nd March 1926.

No. 92-G.—With reference to notification No. 575-G., dated the 2nd December 1925, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Mr. H. B. Whitby as Honorary Consul for Denmark at Calcutta has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

DENYS BRAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 5th March 1926.

PART B.

HONORARY DISTINCTIONS.

No. 257.—The Viceroy and Governor General in Council has much gratification in announcing that His Majesty the King Emperor has been graciously pleased to approve of the devices, as detailed below, being borne as badges by the units of the Auxiliary Force specified :—

Badges and Devices—Auxiliary Force Regiments.

Regiment.	On buttons.	On collar of tunic and mess jacket.	On collar of service dress.	On helmet.	On cap.
The Eastern Bengal Company.	Gilding metal buttons embossed with a crocodile.	On tunic—brass crocodile 2" long with the letters "E. B. Co." in an oblong 1½" x ½" below. On mess jacket—In silver as above. (For officers.)	Officers only. As for tunic.	A green patch 2" (diamond). On the patch a gilding metal crocodile 2" long with the letters "E. B. Co." in an oblong 1½" x ½" below.	As on helmet.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 2nd March, 1926.

No. F-26-11-26-A.—In pursuance of the proviso to sub-rule (4) of rule 9 of the Legislative Assembly Electoral Rules, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the preparation, in accordance with the said Rules, of a fresh roll for the constituencies of the Legislative Assembly within the Presidency of Bengal.

L. GRAHAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 6th March 1926.

No. F.-20-26.—In pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 86 of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State in Council, on the recommendation of the Governor General in Council, has been pleased to grant to His Excellency the Right Honourable Victor Alexander George Robert, Earl of Lytton, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal leave of absence for urgent reasons of private affairs for a period not exceeding four months, with effect from the 10th June 1926, or the subsequent date on which His Excellency may avail himself of it.

No. F.-20-26.—Leave having been granted to His Excellency the Right Honourable Victor Alexander George Robert, Earl of Lytton, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., Governor of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, His Majesty has been pleased, in pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 87 of the Government of India Act, to appoint the Hon'ble Sir Hugh Lansdown Stephenson, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., by Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, to act in the place, and during the absence, of the said Right Honourable Victor Alexander George Robert, Earl of Lytton.

JAILS.

Delhi, the 24th February 1926.

No. F.-95-26.—The services of Captain B. G. Mallya, I.M.S., are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 19th October 1925, for employment in the Jail Department.

J. CRERAR,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC.

The 4th March 1926.

No. F.-89-26-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 64 and 129A of the Government of India Act, the Governor General in Council, with the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council, is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Legislative Assembly Electoral Rules, namely:—

A. In schedule I (1)—List of Constituencies entitled to representation in every Legislative Assembly:—

For the entries relating to the Constituencies of Calcutta (Non-Muhammadian) and Calcutta and Suburbs (Muhammadian), the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

Bengal	Calcutta (Non-Muhammadian).	Non-Muhammadian Urban.	Calcutta as defined in section 3 (11) of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923.	1
Ditto ...	Calcutta and Suburbs (Muhammadian).	Muhammadian Urban.	Calcutta as defined in section 3 (11) of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, and the municipalities and cantonments of the districts of the 24-Parganas, Hooghly and Howrah.	1

B. In Part III of Schedule II:—

- (1) In paragraph 4 for the words "section 3 (7) of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899" the words "section 3 (11) of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923" shall be substituted.
- (2) In clause (a) of paragraph 4 and in clause (a) of paragraph 5 for the words "Chapter XII of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, or as taxes levied under Chapter XIV of that Act" the words "Chapter X of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923, or as taxes levied under Chapter XII of that Act" shall be substituted.
- (3) In clause (b) of paragraph 5, for the words "municipality of Howrah or of Cossipore-Chitpur" the words "municipality of Howrah" shall be substituted.

No. F.-89-26-II.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 72A and 129A of the Government of India Act, the Governor General in Council, with the sanction of the

Secretary of State in Council, is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Bengal Electoral Rules, namely :—

In Schedule I—List of Constituencies :—

- (1) For the entries relating to the Calcutta Non-Muhammadan and Muhammadan Constituencies, defined therein, the following entries shall be substituted, namely :—

Name of constituency.	Class of constituency.	Extent of constituency.	Number of members.
Calcutta North (Non-Muhammadan).	Non-Muhammadan Urban.	The Shampukur, Kumartully, Belgachia, Satpukur and Cossipore wards of Calcutta.	1
Calcutta East (Non-Muhammadan).	Ditto ...	The Bartala, Sukea's Street, Beliaghata and Maniktala wards of Calcutta.	1
Calcutta West (Non-Muhammadan).	Ditto ...	The Jorabagan, Bara Bazar, Bow Bazar and Waterloo Street wards of Calcutta.	1
Calcutta Central (Non-Muhammadan).	Ditto ...	The Jorasanko, Colootola and Muchipara wards of Calcutta.	1
Calcutta South Central (Non-Muhammadan).	Ditto ...	The Paddapukur, Fenwick Bazar, Taltala, Kalinga, Park Street, Bamun Bustee, Tangra, Entally, Beniapur and Ballyganj wards of Calcutta.	1
Calcutta South (Non-Muhammadan).	Ditto ...	The Bhowanipur, Alipur, Ekbalpur, Watganj and Hastings, Garden Reach and Tollyganj wards of Calcutta.	1
Calcutta North (Muhammadan).	Muhammadan Urban.	The Belgachia, Satpukur, Cossipur, Shampukur, Kumartully, Bartola, Sukea's Street, Jorabagan, Jorasanko, Bara Bazar, Colootola, Muchipara, Beliaghata and Maniktala wards of Calcutta.	1
Calcutta South (Muhammadan).	Ditto ...	The Bow Bazar, Paddapukur, Waterloo Street, Fenwick Bazar, Taltala, Kalinga, Park Street, Bamun Bustee, Tangra, Entally, Beniapur, Ballyganj, Bhowanipur, Alipur, Ekbalpur, Watganj and Hastings, Garden Reach and Tollyganj wards of Calcutta.	1

- (2) In column 3 of the entries relating to the 24-Parganas Municipal North (Non-Muhammadan) Constituency and the Barrackpore Municipal (Muhammadan) Constituency, omit the words "and the Cossipore-Chitpur Municipality".
- (3) In column 3 of the entries relating to the 24-Parganas Municipal South (Non-Muhammadan) Constituency and the 24-Parganas Municipal (Muhammadan) Constituency omit the words "excluding the municipality of Cossipore-Chitpur."

In Schedule II—Qualifications of Electors :—

- (a) In sub-clause (a) of clause (1) of paragraph 3 for the words "in the municipalities of Howrah or Cossipore-Chitpur" the words "in the municipality of Howrah" shall be substituted.
- (b) In paragraph 4 for the words "section 3 (7) of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899" the words "section 3 (11) of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923" shall be substituted.
- (c) For sub-clause (ii) of clause (1) of paragraph 4 the following shall be substituted :—
- "(ii) has paid in respect of that year on his sole account and in his own name not less than Rs. 24 either in respect of the consolidated rate levied under Chapter X, or in respect of the taxes levied under Chapter XI, or in respect of the taxes levied under Chapter XII, of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1923".

H. TONKINSON,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 4th March 1926.

No. F.-286-C. S. R.-25.—The following resolution by the Secretary of State for India in Council is published for general information :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 96B of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State for India in Council, with the concurrence of majority of votes at a meeting of the Council of India, held on the 9th day of February 1926, hereby makes the following amendments to the Fundamental Rules, namely :—

I. In rule 77 of the said rules there shall be inserted after the words "a Government servant" in clause (b) the words "other than a military commissioned officer", and for clause (c) the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"(c) In the leave account of a military commissioned officer who becomes subject to these rules shall be credited—

"(1)—(i) The privilege leave which, on the date on which he becomes subject to these rules, it would be permissible to grant to him under the rules applicable to him prior to that date, or

"(ii) the leave on average pay which, on the date on which he becomes subject to these rules, it would be permissible to grant him under rule 100, *plus*

"(2) one-eighth of the period prior to that date spent on duty or on privilege leave during the following periods of service :—

"(i) Service under the European Service Leave Rules of the Civil Service Regulations ;

"(ii) Service in and out of India under the Indian Army Leave Rules ;
and

"(iii) Service in India under the British Army Leave Rules, *plus*

"(3) five twenty-seconds of the period spent on duty subsequent to that date."

II. In rule 78 of the said rules for Note (2) (1) (b), the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"(b) in the case of a military commissioned officer who becomes subject to these rules, leave in and out of India on less than full pay actually taken during the following periods of service :—

"(1) service in and out of India under the Indian Army Leave Rules, and

"(2) service in India under the British Army Leave Rules :

Provided that the debit on this account shall not exceed the credit given in respect of such service under rule 77 (c)."

And the said rules shall have effect and be deemed always to have had effect as though they had been enacted as so amended.

A. C. MCWATTERS,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (CENTRAL REVENUES).

NOTIFICATION.

CUSTOMS.

Delhi, the 4th March 1926.

No. 7.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Central Revenues) No. 5559, dated the 20th November 1924, the Governor General in Council is pleased to restrict, with effect from 1st April 1926, the bringing into British India of any apparatus for wireless telegraphs to cases in which a license to import such apparatus has been granted by the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs in the form set out in the annexed Schedule, all the entries after the letters "P. T. O." to appear on the reverse of the form.

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A. TOTTENHAM,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.



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PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 15th March 1926.

No. F.-6-F.—The Government of India have had under consideration the question of reducing the yield on Post Office Cash Certificates in view of the rates at which they have been able to borrow in the open market during the current year and in the last two years. They have decided that the time has now come when the yield may be reduced without very considerably endangering the popularity of this form of investment. With effect from the 1st April 1926, the rates of issue will be the same as those which were in force prior to the 2nd April 1923. The amounts repayable on certificates of the different denominations issued on or after the 1st April 1926 will be shown in the following table:—

	Rs. 10.	Rs. 20.	Rs. 50.	Rs. 100.	Rs. 500.	Rs. 1,000.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Amount to be invested ...	7 12 0	15 8 0	38 12 0	77 8 0	387 8 0	775 0 0
On withdrawal at any time during first year.	7 12 0	15 8 0	38 12 0	77 8 0	387 8 0	775 0 0
After one complete year from date of issue.	8 1 0	16 2 0	40 5 0	80 10 0	403 2 0	806 4 0
After 15 complete months ...	8 2 6	16 5 0	40 12 6	81 9 0	407 13 0	815 10 0
" 18 " " ...	8 4 0	16 8 0	41 4 0	82 8 0	412 8 0	825 0 0
" 21 " " ...	8 5 6	16 11 0	41 11 6	83 7 0	417 3 0	834 6 0
" 2 " years ...	8 7 0	16 14 0	42 3 0	84 6 0	421 14 0	843 12 0
" 27 " months ...	8 8 9	17 1 6	42 11 9	85 7 6	427 5 6	854 11 0
" 30 " " ...	8 10 6	17 5 0	43 4 6	86 9 0	432 13 0	865 10 0
" 33 " " ...	8 12 3	17 8 6	43 13 3	87 10 6	438 4 6	876 9 0
" 3 " years ...	8 14 0	17 12 0	44 6 0	88 12 0	443 12 0	887 8 0
" 39 " months ...	9 0 0	18 0 0	45 0 0	90 0 0	450 0 0	900 0 0
" 42 " " ...	9 2 0	18 4 0	45 10 0	91 4 0	456 4 0	912 8 0
" 45 " " ...	9 4 0	18 8 0	46 4 0	92 8 0	462 8 0	925 0 0
" 4 " years ...	9 6 0	18 12 0	46 14 0	93 12 0	468 12 0	937 8 0
" 51 " months ...	9 8 6	19 1 0	47 10 6	95 5 0	476 9 0	953 2 0
" 54 " " ...	9 11 0	19 6 0	48 7 0	96 14 0	484 6 0	968 12 0
" 57 " " ...	9 13 6	19 11 0	49 3 6	98 7 0	492 3 0	984 6 0
" 5 " years ...	10 0 0	20 0 0	50 0 0	100 0 0	500 0 0	1,000 0 0

2. It has also been suggested to the Government of India that, following the recommendations contained in the *interim* report of the Lubbock Committee in England, opportunities should be offered to holders of Cash Certificates in India to retain their holdings after the expiry of the original period of issue. The Government of India have carefully considered the suggestion and decided to give effect to it in the following manner. Holders of Cash Certificates *issued prior to the 1st April 1926*, will be allowed, at their option, to hold them for a further period of five years after maturity. They will earn interest thereon at the rate of 2 annas (on a Cash Certificate of the minimum denomination of Rs. 10) for every completed three months after maturity, and receive an additional bonus of 8 annas on such a certificate after retaining it for the full period of 5 years. The amounts repayable from time to time are given in the following table :—

	Rs. 10.	Rs. 20.	Rs. 50.	Rs. 100.	Rs. 500.	Rs. 1,000.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
<i>On withdrawal.</i>						
After 5 complete years ...	10 0 0	20 0 0	50 0 0	100 0 0	500 0 0	1,000 0 0
" 63 " months ...	10 2 0	20 4 0	50 10 0	101 4 0	506 4 0	1,012 8 0
" 66 " " ...	10 4 0	20 8 0	51 4 0	102 8 0	512 8 0	1,025 0 0
" 69 " " ...	10 6 0	20 12 0	51 14 0	103 12 0	518 12 0	1,037 8 0
" 6 " years ...	10 8 0	21 0 0	52 8 0	105 0 0	525 0 0	1,050 0 0
" 75 " months ...	10 10 0	21 4 0	53 2 0	106 4 0	531 4 0	1,062 8 0
" 78 " " ...	10 12 0	21 8 0	53 12 0	107 8 0	537 8 0	1,075 0 0
" 81 " " ...	10 14 0	21 12 0	54 6 0	108 12 0	543 12 0	1,087 8 0
" 7 " years ...	11 0 0	22 0 0	55 0 0	110 0 0	550 0 0	1,100 0 0
" 87 " months ...	11 2 0	22 4 0	55 10 0	111 4 0	556 4 0	1,112 8 0
" 90 " " ...	11 4 0	22 8 0	56 4 0	112 8 0	562 8 0	1,125 0 0
" 93 " " ...	11 6 0	22 12 0	56 14 0	113 12 0	568 12 0	1,137 8 0
" 8 " years ...	11 8 0	23 0 0	57 8 0	115 0 0	575 0 0	1,150 0 0
" 99 " months ...	11 10 0	23 4 0	58 2 0	116 4 0	581 4 0	1,162 8 0
" 102 " " ...	11 12 0	23 8 0	58 12 0	117 8 0	587 8 0	1,175 0 0
" 105 " " ...	11 14 0	23 12 0	59 6 0	118 12 0	593 12 0	1,187 8 0
" 9 " years ...	12 0 0	24 0 0	60 0 0	120 0 0	600 0 0	1,200 0 0
" 111 " months ...	12 2 0	24 4 0	60 10 0	121 4 0	606 4 0	1,212 8 0
" 114 " " ...	12 4 0	24 8 0	61 4 0	122 8 0	612 8 0	1,225 0 0
" 117 " " ...	12 6 0	24 12 0	61 14 0	123 12 0	618 12 0	1,237 8 0
" 10 " years ...	13 0 0	26 0 0	65 0 0	130 0 0	650 0 0	1,300 0 0

3. The bonus on Cash Certificates will continue to be exempt from income-tax and the existing rules governing their issue and encashment will remain in force in all respects.

A. C. MCWATERS,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 10th March 1926.

No. F. 117-26.—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice J. F. Graham, I.C.S., took his seat as an Additional Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on the forenoon of the 28th February 1926.

Delhi, the 13th March 1926.

No. F. 83-26.—In pursuance of proviso (i) to sub-section (2) of section 101 of the Government of India Act, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Manmatha Nath Mukherji to act as an Additional Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal for a period of one year, with effect from the 1st April 1926.

H. TONKINSON,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.*Delhi, the 19th March 1926.***PART B.****RESIGNATIONS.****AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.**

No. 806.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to resign their commissions with effect from the dates specified :—

Calcutta Light Horse.

Captain Maurice Turner, V.D. Dated 13th January 1926

The Calcutta Presidency Battalion.

Lieutenant Leslie Barker Sutcliffe. Dated 3rd November 1925.

E. BURDON,
Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1926.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Delhi, the 17th March 1926.

No. F.-71-3-26.—Mr. J. D. V. Hodge of the Indian Civil Service is placed on special duty in the Home Department of the Government of India for a period of thirteen days, with effect from the forenoon of the 15th March 1926.

No. F.-71-4-26.—Mr. J. D. V. Hodge of the Indian Civil Service is appointed to officiate as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, with effect from the afternoon of the 27th March 1926.

J. CERRAR,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 17th March 1926.

No. 103-E.—Mr. R. H. Parker, Indian Civil Service (Bengal), is appointed to the Political Department of the Government of India substantively on probation and is posted as Under-Secretary to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the 14th March 1926.

J. P. THOMPSON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

*Delhi, the 17th March 1926.***NOTIFICATION.**

No. 3121F.—In pursuance of sub-section (1), section 135 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (No. IX of 1890), the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the administration of the Eastern Bengal Railway shall be liable to pay in aid of the funds of the local authorities set out in the schedule annexed hereto the tax specified in the second column thereof :—

Schedule.

Local authority.			Tax.
1			2
District.	Name of union board.	Name of police-station.	
1	2	3	
Faridpur	... Borat	... } Goalundo	... } Union rate.
	Maharajpur	... }	
	Khanganj	... } Pangsa	
	Ratandia	... }	
	Maschar	... Kotwali	

P. H. MAFLIN,
Secretary, Railway Board.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATION.***Delhi, the 6th March 1926.*

No. F-88-VII-C. S. R./25.—The following Resolution by the Secretary of State for India in Council is published for general information :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 96 (b) of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State for India in Council, with the concurrence of a majority of votes at a meeting held on the 2nd day of February 1926, hereby makes the following amendment in the Civil Service Regulations, namely :—

After Article 545 in the said Regulations there shall be inserted the following, namely :—

" 545A. A Chief Judge of a Chief Court who before his appointment as such was a permanent Judge of a High Court in India shall be entitled on retirement from the Chief Court to a pension equal to that which he would have received had the period of his service as Chief Judge of a Chief Court been rendered as a Judge of a High Court."

A. C. MCWATTERS,
Secretary to the Government of India.

RESOLUTION.*The 9th March 1926.*

No. F-85-Ex./26.—His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council has been pleased to cancel rule 1(5) of the rules appended to the Resolution of the Government of India, Finance Department No. 1449-E.A., dated the 29th September 1922.

ORDERED that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

R. DOUGLAS,
Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (CENTRAL REVENUES).**NOTIFICATION.****STAMPS.***Delhi, the 11th March 1926.*

No. 3.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to remit the stamp duty chargeable under the said Act on cheques drawn by a Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation in the discharge of his duties under the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923 (VIII of 1923).

A. TOTTENHAM,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

OFFICE OF THE MILITARY SECRETARY TO THE VICEROY.**NOTIFICATION,**

Delhi, the 24th March 1926.

No. 1926M.—Intelligence having been received of the death of Her Majesty Queen Dowager of Denmark, aunt of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor, Court Mourning is ordered for two weeks from the 22nd March 1926; half mourning commencing from the 29th *idem*.

When attending at the Viceregal Court ladies will appear in black until the 28th March and thereafter in half mourning. Officers in uniform will, when attending at Viceregal Lodge, wear a crepe band on the left arm throughout the period of Court Mourning.

By Command,

R. B. WORGAN, COLONEL,

Military Secretary to the Viceroy.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 1926.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Delhi, the 26th March 1926.

Part B.

PROMOTIONS.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 331.—The following promotions are made, with effect from the dates specified :—

Calcutta Light Horse.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Douglas Horsford Wilmer. Dated 1st June 1925.

John Campbell Dalrymple Naismith. Dated 1st June 1925.

3rd Battalion, The East Indian Railway Regiment.

Second-Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

Alexander Bertram Turner. Dated 28th February 1926.

1st Battalion, The Bengal Nagpur Railway Regiment.

Second-Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

Ronald George Partridge. Dated 1st November 1925.

RESIGNATIONS.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 338.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to resign their commissions, with effect from the dates specified :—

Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles

Lieutenant Basil Hardress Humphrys. Dated 24th November 1925.

1st Battalion, The East Indian Railway Regiment.

Lieutenant James Edmonson Monk. Dated 13th February 1926, and to retain his rank and wear the uniform of his Corps on retirement.

2nd Battalion, The East Indian Railway Regiment.

Lieutenant John Ferguson, M.B.E. Dated 1st March 1926.

TRANSFERS.

AUXILIARY FORCE, INDIA.

No. 341.—Lieutenant David Young Anderson is transferred from the Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles to the General List, with effect from the 1st March 1926.

CANTONMENTS—REGULATIONS.

No. 343.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 280 of the Cantonments Act, 1924 (II of 1924), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following rule to regulate the payment of travelling allowance to members of Cantonment Boards, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section :—

Rule.

1. (1) Travelling allowance may be paid to a member of a Cantonment Board on account of a journey undertaken, whether within or without the cantonment, in pursuance of his duties as such member, or as a member of a Committee of the Board,—Provided that the undertaking of the journey has been sanctioned by resolution of the Board, and that in the case of a journey the travelling allowance in respect of which exceeds fifty rupees, the resolution has been confirmed by the Officer Commanding-in-Chief the Command.

(2) The travelling allowance paid under sub-rule (1) shall not exceed the actual expenditure incurred on the journey or the amount of the travelling allowance which would be admissible in respect of the same journey to a first grade Government servant under the rules for the time being in force in the province in which the cantonment is situate, whichever is less.

E. BURDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR.

NOTIFICATION.

PUBLIC WORKS BRANCH.

Simla, the 23rd March 1926.

No. E-10.—The following gentlemen, whose appointment to the Indian Service of Engineers as Assistant Executive Engineers on probation was announced in this department's notification No. E-22, dated the 30th October 1923, are confirmed in their appointments :—

Mr. A. Finlayson Bengal (Irrigation).

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1926.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (CENTRAL REVENUES).

NOTIFICATION.

STAMPS.

Delhi, the 11th March 1926.

No. 3.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to remit the stamp duty chargeable under the said Act on cheques drawn by a Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation in the discharge of his duties under the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923 (VIII of 1923).

A. TOTTENHAM,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

RESOLUTION.

Delhi, the 9th March 1926.

No. F.-35Ex.-26.—His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council has been pleased to cancel rule 1 (5) of the rules appended to the Resolution of the Government of India, Finance Department, No. 1449-E. A., dated the 29th September 1922.

ORDERED that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

R. DOUGLAS,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.****ESTABLISHMENTS.***Delhi, the 25th March 1926.*

No. F.-371-23.—His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has decided that, in regard to 4 per cent. annuity contributions made before the 1st April 1919, the lump sum payable to a member of the Indian Civil Service under the orders contained in the Home Department notification No. F. 67-III-Ests., dated the 23rd September 1922, who retires before the year 1943-44, shall be reduced by £20 for each completed year of military service in respect of which the refund of four per cent. annuity contributions is made to him under paragraph 3 of the Home Department resolution No. F.-371-23-Ests., dated the 17th December 1925.

J. CRERAR,*Secretary to the Government of India.***PUBLIC.***The 20th March 1926.*

No. F.-238-26.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 63-B and 129-A of the Government of India Act, the Governor General in Council, with the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council, is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Legislative Assembly Electoral Rules, namely :—

The following words shall be added at the end of paragraph 7 of Part II of Schedule II, namely :—

“or who is qualified for enrolment in either of such rolls.”

The 25th March 1926.

No. F.-121-25.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 45-A and 129-A of the Government of India Act, the Governor General in Council, with the sanction of the Secretary of State in Council, is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Devolution Rules, namely :—

In Schedule I—

(a) in Part I at the end of entry 19, the following words shall be added, namely :—

“save to the extent to which in such rule or legislation such control is directed to be exercised by a local Government.”

(b) in Part II after entry 24, the following new entry shall be inserted, namely :—

“24-A. Control of production, supply and distribution of any articles to the extent to which by rule made by the Governor General in Council or by or under legislation by the Indian Legislature such control is directed to be exercised by a local Government.”

H. TONKINSON,*Joint Secretary to the Government of India.***FINANCE DEPARTMENT.****NOTIFICATIONS.***Delhi, the 18th March 1926.*

No. F.-284-C. S. R./25.—The following resolution by the Secretary of State in Council is published for general information :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 96B of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State for India in Council, with the concurrence of

the majority of votes at a meeting of the Council of India, held this 23rd day of February 1926, hereby makes the following amendments in the Fundamental Rules, namely :—

In Rule 33 of the said Rules for the words "not exceeding the lowest stage of that time-scale" the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"may grant him initial pay not exceeding the lowest stage of that time-scale and future increments not exceeding those of the sanctioned scale."

And the said Rules shall have effect and be deemed always to have had effect as though they had been enacted as so amended.

The 22nd March 1926.

No. F-212-C. S. R./25.—Erratum.—In the notification by the Government of India, Finance Department, No. F-212-C. S. R./25, dated the 5th August 1925, regarding the amendment of Fundamental Rule 20, for "July" read "June".

No. F-158-C. S. R./25.—The following Resolution by the Secretary of State for India in Council is published for general information :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 96-B of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State in Council, with the concurrence of a majority of votes at a meeting of the Council of India held on the 12th day of January 1926, hereby makes the following amendment to the Civil Pensions (Commutation) Rules :—

At the end of Rule 3 of the said Rules, the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"Provided further that in calculating the amount of a pension for the purposes of this Rule, there may be added to it the uncommuted portion of any other permanent pension or pensions payable to the applicant from Indian or other Government revenues."

And the said Rule shall have effect, and be deemed always to have had effect, as though it had been enacted as so amended.

A. C. MCWATTERS,
Secretary to the Government of India

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR.

NOTIFICATION.

Delhi, the 18th March 1926.

No. G. (B)-6 (3).—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (V of 1923), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Boiler Regulations, 1924, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of section 31 of the said Act, namely :—

Regulation 96 of the said Regulations shall be renumbered 96 (a) and after the regulation so renumbered the following sub-regulations shall be inserted, namely :—

(b) (i) For Messrs. John Fowler and Company's (Leeds) corrugated roof for fireboxes of locomotive boilers made of steel in which the crown of the roof is transversely curved and corrugated in the style of Fox's corrugated furnace and the roof plate, if not solid with the side plates of the firebox, is securely riveted thereto and to the flanges of the tube-plate and firehole plate and there is a row of suitably sized and spaced screw stays below the commencement of corrugations on each side attaching the roof plate to the external casing, when the conditions hereunder are complied with the working pressure shall not exceed the smaller of the values obtained from the following formulæ :—

$$W. P. = \frac{C(t-3)}{R} \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \text{Eqn. (47A).}$$

$$W. P. = \frac{C_1(t_1-1)}{W} \quad \dots \quad \dots \quad \text{Eqn. (48A).}$$

t is the thickness of roof plate before corrugations are formed, in 32nds of an inch,
 t_1 is the thickness of side plates of firebox to which roof plate is attached, in 32nds of an inch,

R is the radius of transverse curvature or camber of middle part of corrugation, measured from the bottom of corrugation on water side, in inches,

W is the width of firebox in inches measured over water sides of side plates at the seams attaching them to roof plate,

$C = 240.$

$C_1 = 875.$

(ii) The corrugations measured from top to bottom on one side, shall not be less than three times the thickness of the finished plate in depth and not more than 12 times the thickness of the finished plate apart.

(iii) The inner radius of corner at sides where corrugations merge into the flat sides shall be not less than 4 times the thickness of the finished plate.

(iv) The length of the plain parts at ends of roof between the centre lines of riveted seams and commencement of curvature of corrugations shall not exceed that allowed for flat plate margins under Regulation 75.

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

TARIFF.

Delhi, the 27th March 1926.

No. 28-T. (13).—Sir George Rainy, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., I.C.S., President, Tariff Board, is granted leave on average pay for eight months combined with leave on half average pay for eight days with effect from the 8th April 1926, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

Mr. P. P. Ginwala, Bar.-at-Law, Member, Tariff Board, is appointed to officiate as President, Tariff Board, *vice* Sir George Rainy.

SHIPPING.

The 27th March 1926.

No. 282-S.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 73 of the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1917 (I of 1917), and in supersession of the notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, specified in the Schedule hereto annexed, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the provisions of the said Act shall apply to vessels which ordinarily ply on inland waters and are propelled by electricity or other mechanical power, except steam, with the following modifications, namely:—

1. For clause (5) of section 2 the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

“(5) ‘motor-vessel’ means a vessel propelled wholly or in part by the agency of electricity or other mechanical power, except steam”.

2. For the words “steam-vessel”, “steam-vessels” and “boilers, engines”, wherever they occur, except in section 22-A, the words “motor-vessel”, “motor-vessels” and “propelling machinery”, respectively, shall be substituted.

3. After section 21, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

“21-A. The certificate granted under the provisions of this chapter to a holder of a similar certificate in respect of an inland steam-vessel shall take the form of an endorsement on such similar certificate”.

4. For sections 25, 26 and 27, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“25. An inland motor-vessel having engines of five hundred and sixty-five or more brake horse-power shall not proceed on any voyage unless she has—

(a) as her master a person possessing a First class master's certificate for inland steam-vessels granted under the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1917, or a master's certificate granted either under the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923, or the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, and

(b) as her engineer a person possessing a motor engineer's certificate granted under this Act, or a certificate as a First class or Second class engineer of a sea-going motor-ship granted either under the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923, or the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894.

- " 26. An inland motor-vessel having engines of two hundred and twenty-six or more brake horse-power, but of less than five hundred and sixty-five brake horse-power shall not proceed on any voyage unless she has—
- (a) as her master a person possessing a Second class master's certificate for inland steam-vessels granted under the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1917, or any certificate referred to in clause (a) of section I of 1917 25, and
 - (b) as her engineer a person possessing a first class motor-engine-driver's certificate granted under this Act or a certificate as an engine-driver of a sea-going motor-ship granted either under the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923, or any certificate referred to in clause (b) of section 25. XXI of 1923
- " 27. An inland motor-vessel having engines of less than two hundred and twenty-six brake horse-power shall not proceed on any voyage unless she has—
- (a) as her master a person possessing a serang's certificate for inland steam-vessels granted under the Inland Steam-vessels Act, 1917, or any certificate referred to in clause (a) of section 26, and I of 1917.
 - (b) as her engineer a person possessing a Second class motor engine-driver's certificate granted under this Act, or any certificate referred to in clause (b) of section 26 :

Provided that an inland motor-vessel of 40 brake horse-power and under, which plies for hire and carries passengers, may have as her engineer a person holding a permit granted by the Local Government under such conditions as the Local Government may prescribe ;

Provided also that an inland motor-vessel of not more than twenty brake horse-power, the length of which measured from the fore part of the stem to the after part of the stern-post does not exceed 30 feet, may have as her master and engineer a person possessing both a certificate referred to in clause (a) and a certificate referred to in clause (b) of this section ;

Provided further that an inland motor-vessel of not more than twenty brake horse-power, as described in the above proviso, which is used exclusively for personal recreation by the owner, his family or friends, need not carry a certificated master or engineer but may be navigated by the owner, or other person in charge of such vessel, possessing a permit granted by the Local Government or by any person duly authorised by the Local Government in this behalf."

The Schedule.

Number of notification.				Date.
6155-28	...	...	...	17th August 1912.
2672-28	...	...	...	8th April 1913.
10548-37	...	...	...	13th December 1913.
1571-52	...	...	...	14th March 1914.

N. J. ROUGHTON,

Secretary to the Government of India (offg.).

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 4R.—The 8th April 1926.—The following resolution issued by the Government of India, Railway Department (Railway Board), is republished for general information.

A. N. DAS,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Delhi, the 25th March 1926.

RESOLUTION.—By the Government of India, Railway Department (Railway Board).

No. 606T.—In pursuance of the recommendation of the Indian Railway Committee the Government of India have decided to appoint a Railway Rates Advisory Committee to investigate and make recommendations on—

- (1) Complaints of "undue preference"—section 42 (2) of the Indian Railways Act ;

- (2) Complaints that rates are unreasonable in themselves ;
- (3) Complaints or disputes in respect of terminals—section 46 of the Indian Railways Act ;
- (4) The reasonableness or otherwise of any conditions as to packing of articles specially liable to damage in transit or liable to cause damage to other merchandise ;
- (5) Complaints in respect of conditions as to packing attached to a rate ; and
- (6) Complaints that railways do not fulfil their obligations to provide reasonable facilities under section 42 (3) of the Indian Railways Act.

2. Sir Narasimha Sarma, lately Law Member of the Executive Council of the Governor General, has agreed to serve on the Committee as President and there will be two Members, one representing Commercial interests and one representing Railway interests. The Railway Member will be Mr. S. D. Manson, at present Director of Traffic with the Railway Board, and it is proposed to select the Commercial representative for individual investigations from panels elected or nominated by the principal Commercial bodies.

3. The headquarters of the Committee will ordinarily be at Calcutta but it may conduct its investigations at other commercial or industrial centres when this is found more convenient.

4. An application for a reference to the Rates Advisory Committee must be in writing or printed and signed by the applicant or his recognised agent and shall be addressed to the Agent of the railway concerned. Each such application must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 100.

5. Within three months of the receipt of such application the Agent of the railway shall prepare a statement of the case and submit it with his observations thereon to the Secretary to the Railway Board.

6. After consideration of the application and the Agent's observations thereon, the Government of India will determine whether or not it should be referred to the Rates Advisory Committee for consideration.

7. Should the Government of India be of opinion that the application ought not to be referred to the Rates Advisory Committee, the applicant will be informed accordingly.

8. Should the Government of India be of opinion that the application ought to be referred to the Rates Advisory Committee, the respective parties thereto will be so informed, and the Committee will be instructed to deal with it.

9. If, before the expiry of the said three months, the Agent is able to dispose of the matters raised in the application to the satisfaction of the applicant and the applicant withdraws his application in writing, such application need not be referred to the Government of India and the deposit shall be refunded.

10. After receipt of an application and the observations of the Agent thereon from the Government of India the Rates Advisory Committee may, if they consider it desirable, furnish the applicant with a copy of the observations, and the applicant shall be at liberty within 14 days after he shall have received such copy to reply thereto as he may be advised.

11. The Rates Advisory Committee shall fix the date, time and place for the hearing of each application and notify the same to the parties concerned.

12. The Committee after the case has been heard shall deliver its opinion regarding all the points raised therein and state the grounds on which such opinion is based and forward the opinion for consideration by the Government of India in the Railway Department. The applicant will be notified of the final orders passed on his application.

13. The President of the Committee and the Railway Member will begin immediately with the preliminary work of the Committee and notification will be made in due course of the date from which application for reference to the Committee may be submitted.



The Calcutta Gazette

THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1926.

PART IA.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India republished for general information.

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Delhi, the 27th March 1926.

No. M.-257 (1).—Mr. R. R. Simpson, M.Sc., Chief Inspector of Mines in India, is granted leave out of India on average pay for three months and fifteen days combined with leave on half average pay for two months and fifteen days with effect from the 9th April 1926, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. M.-257 (2).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Indian Mines Act, 1923 (IV of 1923), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Dr. D. Penman, D.Sc., Officiating Inspector of Mines, to be Chief Inspector of Mines for the whole of British India as a temporary measure, *vice* Mr. R. R. Simpson, M.Sc., with effect from the 9th April 1926, or the subsequent date on which he may assume charge of the duties of that appointment.

A. H. LEY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

JUDICIAL.

Delhi, the 5th April 1926.

No. F.-297-26.—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Arthur Page, K.C., Barrister-at-Law, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted leave with effect from the 13th July or the subsequent date on which he avails himself of it up to the 26th August 1926, inclusive.

G. M. YOUNG,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (CENTRAL REVENUES).

NOTIFICATION.

CUSTOMS.

Delhi, the 3rd April 1926.

No. 9.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to cancel all notifications hitherto issued under the said section except those specified in the annexed Schedule.

Schedule.

Department in which issued.	No. and date of Notification.
Finance and Commerce ...	No. 2001-S., dated the 12th May 1893.
	No. 583 S.R., dated the 26th January 1904.
Commerce and Industry ...	No. 6174-97, dated the 3rd September 1910.
	No. 4709-49, dated the 21st June 1913.
	No. 9223, dated the 26th September 1916.
Commerce ..	No. 4317, dated the 2nd July 1921.
Finance ...	No. 1428, dated the 17th November 1923.
Finance (Central Revenues) ...	No. 788, dated the 1st April 1924.
	No. 2007, dated the 28th May 1924.
	No. 2968, dated the 10th July 1924.
	No. 2970, dated the 10th July 1924.
	No. 96-1 Cus.-25, dated the 28th February 1925.
	No. 109-1 Cus.-25, dated the 17th March 1925.
	No. 245-1 E.O.-25, dated the 14th April 1925.
	No. 366 Cus.-25, dated the 4th May 1925.
	R. Dis. No. 808 Cus.-25, dated the 18th November 1925.
	R. Dis. No. 1062 Cus.-25, dated the 26th November 1925.
	No. 3 Customs, dated the 20th February 1926.
	No. 5 Customs Duties, dated the 27th February 1926.

A. TOTTENHAM,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATION.

COMMERCE.

Delhi, the 3rd April 1926.

No. 1080-C (2).—In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Cotton Industry (Statistics) Act, 1926 (XX of 1926), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following rules:—

Short title.

1. These rules may be called the Cotton Industry (Statistics) Rules, 1926.

2. In these Rules—

Definition.

“Act” means the Cotton Industry (Statistics) Act, 1926.

3. The officer to whom the return required by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Act is to be delivered shall be, in the case of mills situate in the Presidency of Bombay, the Collector of Customs, Bombay, and, in the case of all other mills, the Director General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, Calcutta.

4. (1) The return of cotton goods required by section 3 of the Act shall be in Form A appended to these Rules and shall contain the particulars indicated therein shown separately for each description of goods; the return of cotton yarn required by the said section shall be in Form B appended to these Rules.

(2) The declaration of the truth of the said returns shall be subscribed in the terms set forth at the foot of the said forms.

5. When a return duly completed has been delivered to the officer prescribed in rule 3 he shall check the same or cause the same to be checked in any manner that may appear to him desirable and may for this purpose examine and compare or cause to be examined and compared the records of the mill to which the return relates.

6. The owner of every mill in which cotton goods are manufactured shall prepare and maintain in English a register to be called "Register of cotton goods manufactured" in which shall be entered daily the description, weight and yardage or quantity as the case may be of all cotton goods manufactured in the mill.

7. The owner of the every mill in which cotton yarn is spun shall prepare and maintain in English a register to be called "Register of cotton yarn spun" in which shall be entered daily the description of counts and the weight of all yarn spun in the mill.

8. The registers prescribed in rules 6 and 7 shall be kept on the premises of the mill.

FORM A.

Particulars of all cotton goods manufactured at.....Mill during the period beginning.....and ending.....

Description of goods.	Weight in lbs.	Yards or dozens.
PART I.		
<i>Grey and bleached piece-goods.</i>		
(To be reported in lbs. and yards.)		
1. Chadars	...	
2. Dhuties	...	
3. Drills and jeans	...	
4. Cambrics and lawns	...	
5. Printers	...	
6. Shirts and long cloth	...	
7. T. Cloth, domestics and sheeting	...	
8. Tent cloth	...	
9. Khadi, Dungri or Khaddar	...	
10. Other sorts	...	
PART II.		
<i>Coloured piece-goods.</i>		
(To be reported in lbs. and yards.)		
1. Chadars	...	
2. Lungis and dhuties	...	
3. Drills and jeans	...	
4. Greys, dyed	...	
5. Coloured striped saris and susis	...	
6. Cotton tweeds and checks	...	
7. Other sorts	...	
PART III.		
<i>Grey and coloured goods other than piece-goods.</i>		
(To be reported in lbs. and dozens and grey, bleached and coloured goods of each description to be distinguished.)		